THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 70

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum	$12 00
" " per week	25
To news-dealers, per copy	5
Weekly per annum (in advance)	5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion	$1 50
" " each additional insertion	75
" " one week	4 00
" " two weeks	6 00
" " three weeks	7 00
" " one month	8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year	$5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each	4 00

Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

1st Tishri, 30th 8 o'clock p. m.,	1867.
1st " heshvan, 30th Oc tober,	"
1st Kislev, 28th November,	"
1st Tayvas, 27th Decem er,	"
1st Shevah, 29th January,	1868.
1st A'lar, 28th February,	"
1st Nisan, 29th March,	"
1st Eyar, 28d April,	"
1st Sivan, 29d May,	"
1st Tammuz 28t June,	"
1st Av, 29th July,	"
1st Ellul, 28th August,	"
Ash Wednesday, 6th March,	1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April,	"
Good Friday, 19th April,	"
Easter Sunday, 21st April,	"
Ascension, 30th May,	"
Pentecost, 9th June,	"
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.	"

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MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 254 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Bird K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month, in Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—250 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

S. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.
224 *Front Street.*

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 3d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASIPHA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 18th.; No. 1. Isaac K. Pullen, 32d, Tarah.·.; ——— Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DE DURESSELS Council of K.·.H.·. 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Citrode 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Rec.·.

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING,
—AND—
REPAIRING,
Done at short notice by
ISAAC ISAACS,
54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar8

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,
PREMIUM
SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS
246 Second Street,
BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

NOTICE
—TO—
GAS CONSUMERS.

IN compliance with a pledge made in their communication of February last, to the Hon. Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the

Memphis Gas-Light Company

have determined to reduce the price on their sales of Gas supplied on and after the

First Day of December next

to the lowest rate then deemed possible, allowing a small profit on the capital invested, and pledge themselves that the price then established shall range among

THE LOWEST RATES CHARGED

in other Southern and Southwestern cities.

Their apparatus, in daily at great expense improved and extended, enables them to supply as pure, strong and brilliant gas light as that supplied by any city in the United States.

With reference to a much threatened opposition in town, which, if successful, do not deem probable, the Company hereby give notice to their patrons and the public, that in case of an actual competition they will supply their demands at

One-Third, or Less than One-Third the Rates Established by such Competitors.

Their Works were constructed with a view of remunerating the owners for their investments, as well as for the public convenience. Notwithstanding such intention, they will sell or furnish

Light at a Mere Fraction

of the price asked by any competing or opposing Company.

JAMES M. WILLIAMSON,
President.

ap15

WHITEMAN BROS.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
PRINTING PAPER,

No. 39 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

A Card.

WE will at once rebuild our warehouse, and will have it completed by the 15th of September, but by the first day of that month we will be ready to receive goods on store.

The sheds will be divided into fire proof compartments by brick walls, and covered with tin. Those who have patronized us for the last two seasons, and those who may have proposed to do so the approaching one, may rest assured we will be ready for them.

We design establishing a Cotton Compress in connection with our warehouse, upon an adjacent lot, which will be ready by the 1st of October or sooner. The proximity of our establishment to the river renders the handling of cotton so convenient that we can transfer cotton for shipment by river free of drayage. The advantage of the position is equal to one drayage on all cotton sent for compressment from other warehouses, while on all cotton in our warehouse for compressment there can be two drayages saved, since it would be as easy for us to transfer it from our shed to the Compress as to turn it out in the ordinary way for transfer by drays

jy30 J. R. CHRISTIAN & CO.

J. M. GOODBAR, Late of Bransford, Goodbar & Co. | J. R. S. GILLILAND, Late with Southworth, Nance & Co.

GOODBAR & CILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
No. 201 Main St., (Webster Block),
Between Adams and Washington,
p91 MEMPHIS, TENN.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

DR. B. A. POPE

EYE AND EAR SURGEON, will resume his practice in Memphis, where he will remain until the 1st November.

Office in Bethel Block, corner South Court and Main streets. Office hours from 9 to 2 o'clock. se21 1m

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street,
CLAY BUILDING.

ap8 d&wly

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS,
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.

J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.

OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 9, Third Story, Titus Block. oc2 1f

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. | ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT. L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,
Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. my8

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. | PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

I. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh3 1f

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

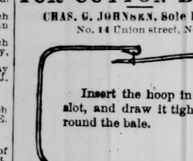
DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y

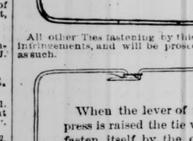
SELF-FASTENING
WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE

FOR COTTON BALES.

CHAS. G. JOHNSON, Sole Prop'r,
No. 14 Union street, New Orleans.



All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.



We are sole agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above

Self-Fastening Wrought Iron Buckle Tie,

on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

D. H. DAVIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants.

Louisville, June 22, 1867. au1

Ed. J. TAYLOR, of Desoto Co., Miss. | WM. GAY, Memphis. | W. C. RUTLAND, of Desoto Co., Miss.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

TAYLOR, GAY & RUTLAND,
Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 304 Front Street,
Sign of the Giant. MEMPHIS, TENN.

Especial attention to the Sale and Storage of COTTON, and other Country Produce. Our Steel Plugging Rope enables us to compress Cotton into Bales of Uniform size and handsome appearance. Our Bagging and Ties are the best. Orders filled at all times complete. se29 3m

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES
—FOR—
COTTON BALES.

THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN IRON TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore, they now offer the ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to I stantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and thus prevent slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with any yet introduced.

The advantages of Iron Ties are now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of Under Interested to the very emphatic recommendation of Underwriters, steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Sea Steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING,
No. 61 Carondelet street, N. O.

se22

Our Latest Improved
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.
GROVESTEEN & CO.,
499 Broadway, N. Y.

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner possible, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, (under thousand of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them at from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its power to even does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mixing with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equa ly delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back,* heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly Incuided, and the instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep6 d&wly

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad har been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. BECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent
se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

HENDERSON OWEN, late of Brown & Owen. S. F. MCNUTT, late of McNutt, Trotter & Bailey. J. C. P. HAMMOND.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned was duly appointed and qualified as the Executor of J. M. Saint, deceased, at a former term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee. All those indebted to the estate of J. M. Saint, deceased, are hereby notified to come forward and make payment, and those holding claims against said estate are notified to file the same with the Executor within the time prescribed by law, otherwise the same will be forever barred.

JOHN C. SAINT, Executor.
Memphis, Sept. 19, 1867. se24 lawlw

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

RADICAL DIVISION.

The Radical ranks are hopelessly, or rather we should say *hopefully*, split. The late elections have done the deed. If those elections mean anything, they demonstrate that negro suffrage in the Northern States will not be endured by the masses. These same masses might be brought to tolerate negro supremacy in the South perhaps, were not the order of events such that, by so doing, they are legally compelled to fasten the same odious servitude upon themselves. The issue has been fairly and irrevocably made up in this manner. The ultra-extremists, such as WENDELL PHILLIPS, STEVENS, SUMNER, and GREELEY insist upon having it in this way. The masses of the Radicals care nothing for the inconsistency involved in forcing at the point of the bayonet, negro majorities upon the white men of the South, and afterwards deliberately excluding their own blacks from the polls. But the leading and life-long agitators recognize the utmost danger to their success in the coming Presidential contest, by pursuing such a course.

Herein lies the peril. The negroes themselves, stupid, ignorant and credulous as are the masses of them, will thus be enabled to comprehend the immeasurable hypocrisy of the party which decrees that they shall rule over the white men of the South, while it denies them the empty form of depositing their ballots in the North. Thus the negroes themselves may be taught too soon, for Radical supremacy, that they are being used as mere cats' paws to pull the chestnuts out of the fire, for their cunning and deceitful political masters. They may, perchance, in their indignation at the outrage upon their much preached-of privileges, break away from leaders so base, so transparently hypocritical, and create such a division, even in the South, as to defeat the Radical ticket under the voting of the reconstruction bills. This is peril No. 1.

But there is a greater peril even than this lying before them. The Radicals who really believe that the negro is *better* than the white man—and there are thousands of them—will learn from this baseness, to despise their expediency brethren, and will become so lukewarm in the North as to part company with them, and thus lose the vote of the Northern States; and insure certain defeat to their Presidential ticket next year.

On the other hand, if they continue to press negro suffrage in the Northern States, and make that the main issue in the Presidential contest, there are enough Republicans who see its destructive influence upon Representative Government, to defeat the ticket in every Northern State.

This then is the dread dilemma in which the Jacobin faction is placed. To recede now from negro suffrage, would lose them the support of nearly all the recognized leaders. To adhere to it, will expel from their party all the moderate, middle and expediency men who see in it demoralization, destruction, disgrace and defeat. There is a real and palpable split—a thorough and permanent division which is unavoidable and irremediable. The two wings are beginning to marshal their forces, to array their hostile legions and to fire cannon at long range. Even the Cincinnati *Gazette*, whose editor was beaten for Congress, at the late election, begins to trim its sails and back down from the negro issue. The Springfield *Republican* declares that the Radicals have undertaken an impossibility, blasphemously attempting to "circumvent God." The New York *Times* is full of lugubrious warnings. But WENDELL PHILLIPS talks of abandoning the Republicans, unless they stand squarely upon negro suffrage; while Mons. GREELEY ominously hints that if a man must be elected President who is opposed to negro suffrage, he shall not come from the Republican ranks, but shall be a Democrat. What does this mean?

It means simply that, if the candidates of the opposing parties are to stand upon the same platform, he will cast his influence for a consistent Democrat or Conservative rather than a hypocritical Republican sneak. Here is what the New York *Tribune* says on this point, and we ask if its meaning is not as we construe it: "But four millions of loyal Americans cannot be put under the feet of those who fought to divide the Union in order to tighten the shackles of those four millions, unless by that Democratic party which sympathized throughout with the rebellion in its essential ideas and impulses, though not in the specific means whereby it sought to achieve them. If ever a Southern State re-appears in Congress with a Constitution which gives her whites supreme power over her blacks, it will be a Democratic majority which secures and votes her such admission. And if our next President shall favor such admission, he will be chosen by the Democratic, not the Republican party. His name, his vocation, his past history (so that it prove him honest and patriotic,) are immaterial or at best of secondary consequence; but there will be no Republican chosen President who favors the sham Democratic doctrine that black men, because they are black, shall, in the lately rebel States, have such rights only as the whites of those States may see fit to accord them."

Now this last sentence is either a prediction, or it is a threat, that the *Tribune* will oppose the election of any Republican who shall not stand up squarely to negro suffrage, and will thus see to his defeat, by arraying to him the opposition of the wing to which it is attached. We take it to be no mere prediction, because in the same article Mr. GREELEY says: "So when both parties get substantially upon the same platform, we know that ours will go under, *and we contemplate that result with serene philosophy.*" This is well said for a philosopher. It proves the existence of such a split in the Radical party as has moved the great mind of GREELEY to accustom his followers to think, write and talk about defeat in the next Presidential contest, with a glibness and familiarity that we did not suppose even a "philosopher" could command at this early day, and so soon after the mighty boastings of his party and the haughty contempt with which they have been accustomed to view its opponents. But so it is; all things subluinary must have an end. And in due course of events our eyes have been permitted to behold the day when even the irresistible and boasting Radical party begins to show evident signs of decay and death.

SAYS that efficient and outspoken journal, the Grenada *Sentinel*: There is a great change coming over the people of Mississippi. Many who honestly went into the ranks of the Reconstruction party when they thought that was the only means of bringing the State back into the Union have, since the news of the Northern elections, swung around and are now battling against those monstrous reconstruction measures of Congress. Among the number we see the names of Col. D. C. Glenn, Hons. Wm. Yerger, Fulton Anderson and others. Of the papers the Natchez *Democrat*, Columbus *Sentinel*, Handsboro *Democrat* and *Southern Journal*. The ball is moving and if the election could be postponed long enough, there would not be one honest white voter in favor of Reconstruction left in the State.

A "LOVELY GIRL," in Wisconsin, recently recovered fourteen hundred dollars damages in a breach of promise suit against a perfidious lover. Her lawyer congratulated her on the amount, when she exclaimed, with a ferocious glance at the mulcted defendant, and nervously clenching her fingers: "I'd give every penny of it just to have one good pull at his hair!"

THE Lebanon *Herald* says the corn crop of Wilson county is remarkably heavy, considerably above an average one, and perhaps the best for the last twenty years.

SHAMED BY THE INFIDEL.

The following is the text of the amnesty proclamation granted to the Cretans by the Sultan:

His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, confirming his promise and his ulterior proclamations, once more grants a full and entire amnesty to the inhabitants of Crete, without any exception whatever. The life and property of every person is assured, and no one shall be prosecuted for any acts in which he may have participated now or before. Every security and protection will be afforded by the Imperial Government to all those who, after having given up their arms to the Imperial authorities, return to their homes and settle to work in a quiet and honest way. The Imperial Government, solely prompted by the sincere desire of preventing the effusion of blood, grants to the armed foreigners now in the island, and also to the natives who, enticed by them, are actually in a state of revolt, a definite delay of one month and a half, ending on the 20th of October next. During that respite the Imperial authorities will give all the necessary facilities for the departure from the island of the foreigners who, according to their own choice, may embark on board of foreign ships, or those which will be placed at their disposal by the Imperial Government. No obstacle whatever shall be put in the way of natives wishing to leave the island, and they will receive the authorization to emigrate with their families on the condition of disposing of everything they may possess in the island, and consenting not to return without an especial authorization of the Imperial government. During the above mentioned delay of one month and a half the Imperial troops shall continue to preserve public peace in the countries they hold. In order that the foreigners and their native companions may avail themselves of the permission and favor granted to them they will not be molested in the localities in which they actually are, unless they should attack the Imperial troops, or injure the loyal population. In that case, the Imperial troops shall pursue them till they shall have been overcome. Should they persist in remaining in the island after the expiration of the delay, they will be dealt with as insurgents. The blockade is fully maintained. The cruising ships will continue to prevent the landing on the Cretan coast of men and ammunition.

The Sultan is wiser than the President. The Infidel is more noble than the Christian. Are the lessons of the Koran *better* or more religiously observed, than those of the Bible?

THE PEOPLE'S PAID SERVANTS ASSESSED AS "BENEFICIARIES" OF THE RADICAL PARTY.

From the New York World.]

The following circular has been sent to all the office holders in the State. Democrats pay taxes to defray their salaries, but their salaries are assessed by the Republican machine runners because they are "beneficiaries of a party!" Some of them kick, as may be seen below. We have received scores of these circulars from recalcitrant office holders:

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS.)
METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
NEW YORK, October 9, 1867.)

To ———, Esq.:

Dear Sir: For the purpose of defraying the proper and legitimate expenses of the approaching election, the State Committee are soliciting contributions from the friends of the Union cause and the *bona fide* citizens of the Republican party.

Though you may not be holding, at the hands of the Republican party, a position which is accounted a political office, the Committee trust you will duly appreciate the recognition which has been accorded you; and we will feel obliged by your handing such amount as you may deem consistent to contribute for the above purpose, to Waldo Hutchins, Esq., Treasurer, No. 40 Wall street.

In view of the shortness of the canvass, an early response is requested.

Yours, very truly,
HAMILTON HARRIS, Chairman.
LUTHER CALDWELL, Secretary.

MR. BEMENT'S REPLY.

CUBA, Allegheny county, N. Y.
Hamilton Harris, Chairman:

Sir: Your circular letter, under date of October 9, is received.

I acted with the Republican party in arresting the spread of slavery and effecting its entire abolition. I was proud also to devote my energies to carry on the war for the Union and the Constitution; but the sharing of government with the illiterate emancipated blacks, the establishment of a military despotism over one-third of the Union, and by arbitrary legislative power arresting the representation of States from white men and forcing it into the hands of semi-barbarians, and taxing the laborers of the North to uphold it to the amount of two hundred millions of dollars per year, is an enterprise to which I have not been invited. I therefore cannot comply with your request, I parted company with the Republican party at the point where its policies, as expressed through the destructive measures of the Radical Congress, sought to fix this upon the free States. I believe that Congress to be the sole obstacle to the restoration of the Union with the rights and dignities of the States unimpaired. You are also mistaken as classifying me as one of the "beneficiaries" of the Republican party. You must refer to the twenty-five or thirty thousand tax assessors and collectors, who stand upon every corner of the streets to extort the most onerous exactions and eat out the substance of the people, mainly to uphold the fearful experiment of military despotism and negro suffrage; or perhaps you allude to the members of the "canal ring," who stand accused by honest officials in the party with having robbed the people's treasury, betrayed high and honorable official trusts, and disgraced the State of New York. These are the "beneficiaries" to whom your application for money to uphold such a rotten administration of public affairs should be addressed. Or perhaps it may include the half-gifted and educated gentry, who luxuriate at Washington at the expense of honest industry, or to some partner in the sale of paint lace dresses, unmade, prized at four thousand dollars.

Respectfully yours, — W. F. BEMENT.

The Hair Trade in France.

According to a Paris exchange report, human hair is chiefly supplied to the world of fashion by France. The departments of Puy de Dôme, Cantal, Correze, Lozere, La Vendee, Les Deux Sevres, La Vienne, L'Allier, La Manche, Les Cotes du Nord, and L'Ile et Vilaine, are the best markets for this commodity. Italy, Germany and Belgium likewise complete to France, but cannot bear her out of the field as to this supply of the raw material. Religious houses and nunneries supply large quantities.

The price of undressed hair varies from fifty francs the kilo to sixty francs. In 1805 the price rose from sixty-five to 100 francs the kilo. In France 68,000 kilogrammes of human hair are sold annually, 25,000 kilos of which are worked up into *postiches*. Thirteen thousand kilos are exported to foreign countries. The sale of the raw material and its value when worked into the plaits and puffs and chignons which adorn the heads of the belles, represent above $0,000,000 francs—that is, £3,200,000, or $16,000,000.

Planting Fruit Trees.

If the fruit trees are to be planted out, the farmer should remember that something more is necessary to success than merely digging a post hole in the ground and crowding the roots of a tree into it. The ground upon which the rows of trees are to be planted out, should be plowed deep enough to allow the surplus water to drain off readily. If the ground is underdrained, so much the better; but if not, deep plowing will partially supply the defect. The soil should be aided by a free application of well rotted manure, enabling the rootlets to find ready sustenance as they reach out in search of it. Many young trees die out the first season after planting in consequence of the slovenly manner of putting them in the ground.

THE Washington (Fayette county, Ohio) *Register* says:

Twenty-three negro votes were polled in this township on Tuesday, notwithstanding the protestations of *white men*, and we are glad, we rejoice to say, that through this NEGRO VOTE, which never before was polled in this township, the men who were instrumental in bringing it to the polls, have been "hoisted with their own petard," and the *white men* of the township have rebuked the advocates of *negro suffrage*, and cast their ballots against the amendment and the men in their midst who advocated the measure.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, commenting on the above, says:

What transpired there took place all over the State. Not less than six hundred negro votes, we are assured, were cast in Greene county alone, in defiance of the law. They were taken in Cleveland in considerable numbers, and largely in the Western Reserve. Some even were taken in Cincinnati. If Gen. Hayes is elected, he probably owes it to this fraudulent negro vote. Our Democratic friends owe it to themselves to obtain a list of all these negro voters, and if they amount, in magnitude, to Hayes' majority, the election should be contested, and the Governor's office given to Judge Thurman.

THE receipts of internal revenue last week were one million six hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars, and for the fiscal year sixty-five and a half millions. Fractional currency issued during the week from the printing bureau, $593,000; shipments $503,757; redeemed and destroyed, $503,800; national currency issued, $34,080.

ROBERT A. MOON,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission for selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale.

To the Cotton Planters of West Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas:

The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as agent for the sale of your cotton in this city, and for the purchase of your supplies. The unfortunate termination of the late war, which so materially affected the best interests of the South, has also had its effect upon the Commission Business of this city, as transacted between planter and merchant. You doubtless well remember with what pertinacity (pressing to the very last moment, and in some instances to annoyance, you were solicited for your business at the rate of fifty cents per bale commission, free of drayage, and stored for twelve months without charge. Then (as will be again the practice) was the ruling element, and high rents, rich landlords and merchants were the result of planters' patronage. No people or occupation have been more seriously prostrated than planters and planting, and honest minds deserve to be fostered and aided in their unfortunate changed condition. How that aid so much needed has been meted out to the writer, is a thing of some interest. Our experience in general, and a special tax upon your leading production, Cotton, large profits you have had to pay upon supplies furnished, commissions on sales ranging from $5 50 to $7 per bale, monthly storage at exorbitant prices, and other expenses, as per reference to your account sales, as a sum total will leave you but half (if anything) upon which to rebuild your shattered fortunes, or to compete with the new order of affairs—free labor. When I withdrew from the Cotton and Commission Business in 1860, private reasons then led me to believe that I would never engage in it again. The solicitations of many friends that were former patron, and a desire to promote the interest of the planting community, so far as my feeble efforts can do so, and the apparent want of gratitude exhibited to a community that in times past tended so materially to the prosperity of Memphis and its mercantile community, have determined me again to offer my services in the capacity as stated. The reduced stocks of cottons in the United States and short supplies in the hands of New England manufacturers has caused some advance in prices from the late depression, hence early sales may be prudent and remunerative; such was the case the past two seasons, and many planters have had cause to regret the acting upon the too common practice of holding and drawing upon their cottons. I would advise no planter to send forward his cotton unless he wished it sold upon the first active mark t. It can be held at home much cheaper than in Memphis. My charges for selling cotton will be One Dollar per bale. Insurance effected in all cases if instructed to do so. Liberal advances will be made on receipt of bills of lading. Orders for supplies from wholesale houses, giving you the benefit of same. In short, by strict attention to all the departments of our business, I hope to merit a large share of patronage.

Thanks are returned among the laborers in Britanny, owing to the want of employment and a scarcity of food. Crowds gathered in the towns and clamored for bread; and in some places attempts were made to pillage the bake ries.

Dispatches from Bombay announce the death of Omear of Cabul.

LYONS, FIES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,
240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

H. LYONS, J. FIES, J. SAMUELSON & CO. | PLANTATION SUPPLIES

STERLING FOWLKES, WM. A. STEFFEY. | THOMAS P. ADAMS, WITH

FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.,)
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 193 Second and 13 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

AGENTS for the sale of the "PREMIUM COTTON GINS," made by W. G. Clemons, Brown & Co., Columbus, Georgia.

ALSO, agents for the "GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS," Henderson, Ky. Have on hand for sale, by piece or case, a fine assortment of Kentucky Jeans. oct10 1m

TO PROPERTY HOLDERS.

ALL Owners of City Real Estate, and all Agents of Owners, are respectfully requested to leave with the undersigned, at Mayor's office, Memphis, memoranda of any Sales, Leases, Subdivisions, etc., made by them since the last assessment.

JOHN PARK,
J. J. HUPER,
JOHN T. TREZEVANT,
Assessors.

o68

Attachment Notice.

John Hallum, Agent for Geo. M. Lusher, vs. R. C. Field, et al.

AFFIDAVIT for Attachment having been made by John Hallum, agent for Geo. M. Lusher, plaintiff in this case, in pursuance of section 3350 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant:

It is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the 12th day of October next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

R. B. MILLER, P. P. C.
Onley & Mulligan, Attorneys. se13 lawlm

Administrator's settlement

In County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of J. C. Anderson, deceased:

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed in the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, deceased, with the clerk of said court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the November term 1867, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the courthouse in the city of Memphis.

HENRY T. JONES,
Administrator with will annexed.
Approved September 16, 1867.
se17 lawlw* JOHN LOAGUE, Clerk.

Non-Resident Notice.

County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee.

N. H. Acock et als. vs Wm. Thomas Cloar et als.

IN this cause it appearing from affidavit filed, that William Thomas Cloar, Martha Jane Cloar, John Cloar, Samuel Cloar, James Cloar, George Washington Cloar and Robert Cloar, defendants in above cause, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they enter their appearance herein, and plead, answer or demur to the petitioners' petition, on or before the first three days of the November term of said Court, beginning on the 4th day of November, 1867, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal, a newspaper published in the City of Memphis, Tennessee.

Attest: JNO. LOAGUE, Clerk.
Thompson & Frazer, solicitors for petitioners
September 12, 1867. se13 4taw*

Wants from Mississippi.

A SITUATION in a Wholesale Grocery Store is preferred, by a man of steady Moral Character. He has had some experience in Book-keeping. His acquaintance extends to Chickasaw, Oktibbeha, Lowndes, Monroe and Pontotoc Counties, Miss. Perfect satisfaction given as to character, qualification, etc. For the present address D, Box 250, Corinth. se6 1f

Valuable Plantation to Lease.

I WILL Lease, as administrator of Christopher J. Field, deceased, the Home Place—the place of Clay & Field, and the Plantation known as the Content Place. These Plantations are in the county of Bolivar, Miss., and in fine condition for cultivation, having been cultivated for years past. There is a new and fine Circular Saw-Mill on the Home Place, for Sale.

For further information apply to me at Paris, Bourbon county, Ky., or to Dr. R. J. Field, on the premises. R. J. CLAY,
Adm'r C. J. Field, dec'd.

oc19

Guy, Alden, McCrae & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
208 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL Cash Advances on Cotton and other Consignments. se28 1m

S. STERNBERG & CO.,
WESTERN AND VIRGINIA
Tobacco Agency,
Dealers in Imported and Domestic
CIGARS,
No. 310 Front Street,
MEMPHIS.
oct12 6m

LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
LATHS,
DOORS,
SASH,
BLINDS,
Etc., Cheaper than Ever. Orders from the Country promptly and faithfully attended to.
W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,
Foot Adams Street,
Opposite Bradley Block.
o13 1m

The Franklin Insurance and Banking Co.

ARE ready to issue Certificates of Stock. Subscribers are requested to call and receive the same. M. D. L. STEWART,
President.
oct15 1w

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

BALTIMORE, October 24.—The judicial election passed off very quietly yesterday. The entire Democratic ticket for both branches of the City Council and Judges was elected. The vote for Mayor stood: Robert S. Banks, (Democrat), 18,389; Andrew W. Dennison, (Republican), 4831. Banks' majority, 13,559.

RICHMOND, October 23.—The second day of the election in this city passed off without any disturbance. The Conservatives are confident that the victory is theirs. Many of the negroes forgot the names they had given when registered, and many have left the city since registration. The polls were closed this evening, with a white majority of 541. The vote upon the question of calling a Convention cannot yet be ascertained, but nine-tenths of the whites voted against it. At the solicitation of the Radicals, Gen. Scofield has ordered the polls to be opened in three wards to-morrow. Much dissatisfaction exists among Conservatives in consequence.

The military were on duty all day, but their services were not needed.

Returns from the counties indicate that the colored men voted *en masse* for the Radicals, and in favor of a Convention. The line between the blacks and whites was distinctly drawn.

Nelson county gives 1148 for and 590 against the Convention; Harris, (Radical,) 1124; C. J. Smith, (Conservative,) 592; W. C. Carrington, (Independent,) 362; Harris, (negro,) floater, 1123; Williams, (Conservative,) floater, 704.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere

FRIDAY, : : : : : : : OCTOBER 25, 1867

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUNDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
St. CLAIR DEARING, NEWS EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 393 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No 13 MADISON STREET.

AGENTS.

J. D Easberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized: no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW AND ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is MERCIFUL; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

MOTIVES OF FACTION.

In all countries moral considerations are too little regarded in determining upon the adoption or rejection of a particular line or measure of party policy. It is little the habit in ours, at least, much to debate the effect which the proposed course will have on the public or private morals. The eagerness and excitement of party contests for supremacy do not allow time for that. Abundant instances will readily suggest themselves to every one, in which measures and policy of remote or recent adoption or practice may be argued to have been calculated to blunt the individual sense of honor, to diminish the ardor of patriotism, and lessen the regard due to public and private honesty.

But there has never been, in the history of any country, in any age, an instance so astounding and detestable of the utter disregard of all considerations of decency, justice and love of country, on the part of a faction resolute to remain in power, as that exhibited by the Radical conspirators against Constitutional Liberty, who are engaged in the devilish work of putting the powers of government in ten Southern States in the hands of an ignorant and brutish horde of negroes, and investing them with the power of disfranchising nine hundred and ninety-nine thousandths of of the white men of these same States. If MILTON had foreseen what is now being enacted, when he wrote Paradise Lost, he would have assigned the authorship of the scheme to the "Stygian Council" held in Hell after Satan and the angels had been

"Hurled headlong flaming from the ethereal sky,
"With hideous ruin and combustion, down
"To bottomless perdition; there to dwell
"In adamantine chains and penal fire."

When "the Grand Infernal Peers" were scheming how to revenge themselves on God, by causing Him

"To prove man's foe, and with repenting hand
"Abolish His own works. . . . .
". . . . . "to confound the race
"Of mankind in one root, and earth with Hell
"To mingle and involve."

Among these, STEVENS is "the mighty Paramount"

". . . . . by merit raised
"To that bad eminence;"

and the New York *Tribune* is their fit organ.

In a recent article, that journal at some length announces that, no matter what may be the result of the Northern elections of the present year, yet to be held, its party, which creates despotisms and calls itself *Republican*, will not pause or falter in the work of Reconstruction. It says, as exultingly as Beelzebub announced the ruin and damnation of the world of man:

The Democratic party can as well repeal Emancipation or the Declaration of Independence as impartial suffrage. Whatever may be the course of future elections, reconstruction will, beyond peradventure, go on in the manner enacted by Congress, and the refusal to cooperate therein by the rebel vote of the South will only result in their self-exclusion from all offices and power in the State and National Governments. If they by their inaction voluntarily hand over the government of their States to the blacks, theirs be the blame. We have reason to believe the blacks alone would prove quite as good Governors as the whites alone have been. They certainly could do no worse, either for the South or for the Union.

Shame should prevent these malefactors from alluding to the Declaration of Independence, as if the words would blister their tongues. By that instrument the Colonies of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, with nine others, declared themselves to be free, sovereign and independent States; and they did *not* lay aside their attributes of sovereignty and independence, when *they*, as States, entered into the constitutional compact of 1787. It is the Radical faction that has repealed the Declaration of Independence. It is it that has robbed these States of that which they forced England to concede to them, and is now making the negroes in each of them the rulers of the white race, over the children and grandchildren of the men who, in 1776, sent rice to feed starving Boston; of the countrymen of MARION and WASHINGTON.

And this they avowedly do, as the *Tribune* in the same number admits, because, if the negroes are not made the masters in the ten Southern States, as they are in Tennessee, these States, uniting with the Democratic party of the North, will defeat Radicalism and elect the next President. Their faction, it admits, is but a minority of the white men of the North and of the Union, and it requires the negroes to make them the majority.

Notwithstanding all the sickening cant of their hypocrisy about human rights, this is the true secret of their action; and to obtain these black votes they are willing to bring upon the South irremediable ruin, and reduce the white descendants of the Englishman who who fought at Crecy and Azincourt, of the Irish who fought at the Bayne and Fontenoy; of the Scotchman who fought at Flodden and Culloden; of the Teutons who bled on a thousand fields, each of which was glorious enough to satisfy the ambition of a nation, to a bondage as degrading, if not as wretched, as that of the Hebrews in the land of the Mitzraim. Never was as base and atrocious a policy determined upon from as base and sordid a motive. There are no words that can adequately characterize either the deed or the motive. They are worthy of each other, and more unworthy than those of that "Synod of the infernal States" that plotted the ruin of the human race.

The New York *Herald* well says:

We begin to realize the evils in this country which all other countries have experienced where the colored or inferior race have acquired power. Insurrections, conflicts between the races, revolutions, and decline in material prosperity, ending in the destruction of constitutional government and the establishment of despotism, are the inevitable results of placing the balance of political power in the hands of the ignorant masses of an inferior race. Universal equality is a fine thing in theory, and might be practicable if nature had made all the races of mankind equal. But it has not done so. Philosophy, history and all experience show there is a great difference in the intellectual and moral character of the races, and, consequently, in their capacity for self government. Yet we are endeavouring to form an equality, against the laws of nature, between the lowest and the highest types of mankind—between the negro and the Caucasian races—between a people who have never shown themselves capable of government or even of emerging from barbarism unaided by a civilized people and the most civilized race. What monstrous folly! What an absurd experiment! What a dangerous policy!

And with perfect truth and reason it adds:

St. Domingo, with all its horrors; Jamaica, with all its desolation; the South American Republics with their everlasting revolutions—all the result of elevating an inferior race to hold the balance of political power—afford no instruction to our Radical revolutionists. They will destroy the country rather than give up their impracticable theory, or the power they hold. This is the prospect before us, and unless the people of the North loudly demand the suppression of these modern Jacobins we shall certainly be involved in terrible scenes of bloodshed, a vast military establishment, enormous expenses, a deficient Treasury, and the risk of a military dictatorship.

The exclusion from jury-lists, by edict of the Military Despots who lend themselves to the nefarious purposes of these malefactors, of all white men who do not ask to be or cannot be registered as voters, and the forcing upon juries of ignorant negroes who are registered, is a part of the plan for compelling a truckling compliance with the despotic and unconstitutional behests of Congress. Neither BELIAL nor BEELZEBUB could have "pleaded more devilish counsel," nor is there a precedent for this measure of infamy on the blackest pages of human history.

Reason and argument are of course unavailing against such measures; because they are dictated by a cold and cruel policy that defies both, and which would willingly crush the life out of every human heart in the South, if it could not otherwise attain its ends. "We have the power;" the *Tribune* says, "until March, 1869, at any rate, and the work of Reconstruction shall go on." It is true. We do not see how Democratic victories are to avail us. We fear that they come too late.

The New York *Herald* says:

Not only every principle of free, but every maxim of fair and just government, is at present violated in the administration of the Reconstruction laws. They are administered, to be sure, in the same spirit in which they were enacted; so that every vice of administration may be taken as the natural fruit of this hideous system of oppression.

If the Republican party had totally abolished trial by jury in the Southern States, it would have committed indeed a flagrant violation of the Constitution, but the practical mischief inflicted would have been a bagatelle in comparison with the organization of black juries who are so ignorant of the matters which come before them, who sit in such outer darkness in respect to the whole field of legal controversy, that they can hardly discern between their right hand and their left. If jury trials had been simply abolished, the wrong inflicted would have been more tolerable. Decisions rendered by a judge without a jury would at least be intelligent, though they might not in all cases be impartial. The judge would at least understand the causes he undertook to decide, and he would be under the restraints imposed upon him by the intelligence and sense of equity of an enlightened bar and the wholesome influence of public opinion. The negroes are too ignorant to decide a case on its merits, and too degraded in the social scale to feel any of those restraining influences. A man might as well stake his suit on the tossing of a copper as on the verdict of a negro jury.

The orders of the military satraps respecting juries are a virtual denial of justice to the citizens of the South until they will consent to political activity under the reconstruction acts. They are a means of coercing the white citizens into such participation in the bastard State governments as will redeem them from the reproach and odium of representing only the negroes. They are a declaration to the South that it shall have no other security for its rights than the verdicts of ignorant and stupid negro juries, unless it will give the Northern Republicans a colorable pretext for saying that the new governments represent the whole Southern population, and not merely the blacks.

It is difficult to conceive of a more revolting abuse of courts of justice than their prostitution to party politics and negro ignorance. Courts are supposed to be organized for the intelligent and impartial administration of justice. A jury should be capable of comparing the various parts of the multifarious and often contradictory evidence presented by the parties to a suit, and intelligent enough to follow and understand the arguments of the counsel, and the charge and elucidations of the judge. Who believes that negroes, five per cent. of whom cannot read, are equal to this sustained mental effort? Politics entirely apart, such a constitution of juries is a disgrace to the administration of justice in a civilized country. But the ignorance and imbecility of the negro juries is not perhaps a worse evil than converting the Southern courts into footballs of party politics. Republicans may see in this hideous prostitution of courts, in this insult to civilization, one of the many detestable traits of their policy of reconstruction.

These wretched demagogues are firing the negro heart, or, rather, the negro passions, for a terrible purpose. Negro supremacy is determined on by the Radicals, or, failing in that, the ruin of the South. And in this the Southern Radicals are aided and encouraged by the Radical party of the North. They are resolved to maintain their political power in the Republic through the ignorant blacks, inasmuch as the white people of the North may defeat them at the polls. Since the late elections they avow their main reliance to be on this negro balance of power. Even the *Times*, the lesser organ of the Radicals in this city, which pretends to be Conservative, declares it as necessary now to secure this negro balance of power. Let insurrection come, let a war of races take place, let the South perish, rather than lose political power and the spoils of the Government, is the cry of this infamous party.

Ten years ago no man in all our broad country dreamed that such outrages, such "results to civilization," deeds and plots and damnable devices that so defy common sense and decency alike, so utterly shameless and brazen in their effrontery, crimes as prodigious as parricide, were possible. Who would then have believed that the day would come in our lifetime when a Senator from one of the old Thirteen States would exult in his place over the prospect of having negroes for his colleagues? and that the people of the North would rejoice, like idiots or maniacs, to see the negroes of the South invested with the power of governing and making laws for the white men? Or, if any one had conceived that as possible, who *could* have conceived it possible for a decent Southern man to become willing to accept that incredible degradation, *for fear of worse consequences if he were contumacious.*

GEN. JOHN B. GORDON.

The Atlanta *Intelligencer* contains a long letter from this gallant leader in the late Confederate armies, on public affairs. He denounces the reconstruction acts as unjust, unnecessary and unlawful. He says the South may be a "martyr," but never a "suicide"—that she "never will consent to sign her own death warrant, and name her former slaves as her rightful executioners." He furthermore says that "if ever, with her own finger, she traces dishonour in the ashes of her slain heroes, some power mightier than her own will, must control her nerves and guide her hand."

Nothing is truer than these words of MILTON:

"Who overcomes
"By force, hath overcome but half his foe.'

With "union and firm faith and firm accord," the South may yet

". . . . . return
"To claim her just inheritance of old,
"Surer to prosper than prosperity
"Could have assured her."

THURLOW WEED, in the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, confesses that the whisky frauds alone would pay the total expense of the Government, less the interest on the national debt.

AN Evansville mathematician crawled under a bridge and spent the day in counting the hoops in the dresses of lady pedestrians. He was fined $10 and costs.

RADICALISM PURE AND SIMPLE.

We thought, not long ago, that Radicalism was like Vice, in this, that familiarity with it would make it attractive to the people, or at least, that becoming used to the sight of its hideous features, they would cease to be utterly hateful and repulsive, if, indeed, the Satyr did not become Hyperion to a degenerate race of man, unworthy of those lovers of liberty who were there fathers.

We now begin to believe that, seen with its mask off, in all its native ugliness, it *may* become odious to a people to whom deformity has not yet become beauty, and who are not yet so wholly debauched as to love that which the gods hate,

"and devils to adore for Deities."

Wherefore we hope that WENDELL PHILLIPS, the Hierophant of Radicalism, will continue to issue to those who receive from him their opinions, such manifestoes as this, the latest, which we here append.

Mark! men of the South! this Devil's Apostle utters the infernal war-cry "WE HAVE ABOLISHED THE SLAVE: WE HAVE NOT ABOLISHED THE MASTER."

THE SICK MAN.

From the Anti-Slavery standard.]

Hardly any sick man gets well without having, now and then, what the nurse calls a pull-back. The American people, rapidly getting over its long disease, has just had a pull-back. There's no reason to be discouraged. The cure will go on. We pointed out in a recent article, how inconsistent and absurd it was to suppose that a few battles had converted the whole American people into Abolitionists. The late elections are a comment on that text. Brought squarely to the test, Ohio cannot yet be just on her own soil. That same population would see the necessity of giving to the South Carolina negro the ballot. Without that they know the Union would not be safe. Selfishness dictates justice in the reconstruction of the South; but the sense of justice is not keen enough the protect the negro at home—so Ohio rejects her equal suffrage amendment. Pennsylvania, always for sale and in the market, has been snapped up by an eager purchaser in the wrong party.

Some critics insist that these changes are owing to temperance movements in one place, financial soreness in another, and mistaken nominations in a third. All these causes doubtless were acting; but the primary and most efficient cause is that the leaders of the dominant party, the peoples' teachers—had never taught their followers one single lesson of justice. From Mr. Lincoln down to the last canvass speaker, the cry and the argument has been, "Do thus much to save the party. Dole out this and this measure of justice, not for its own sake, but because we must. The party *needs it.*"

A people drugged with such opiates, the moment the burden of the war and the weight of danger is taken off, springs back to its old race-hatred. Hence the easy victory of the rebels in Ohio and Pennsylvania. While a large portion of the people have been ready for any measure of justice, and would have followed Lincoln to any height of national honor, another portion poisoned by his infidelity to principle, has remained in just that equivocal state of mind that left them an easy prey to the Pendletons and the Vallandighams. Wade reaps to-day the harvest of that party atheism which he has sometimes countenanced, and which his later and general fidelity has not sufficed to neutralize.

What shall we do? Press bravely on. Impeach the traitor of the White House. Men with white lips, who fancy themselves statesmen, cry, "Oh, no—that will create sympathy for him and wreck the party." Utter want of self-respect has wrecked the party, nothing else. To bear blows unresistingly may be clear duty for an individual, it is death to a party. The nation has gazed on and seen Johnson insult and defy Congress. Men conclude that Congress is either too stupid to understand or too pusillanimous to resent the insult. The panaces that Governors and Senators propose now is, that we go on and invite more Presidential insult, in hope that so the people will pity Congress and hate Johnson. It is a fatal policy. *Such pity* passes soon into contempt. The old Whig party marched to its grave in the fond conceit that its patience would win sympathy. It found too late that the mass so distrusted its foes, but despised a Whig.

Nothing but daring courage, gallantry, will win back popular sympathy. Hang out the banner of impartial suffrage and rebel disfranchisement on the outmost wall. Throttle the President. Clean out that nest of unclean birds—the Cabinet. Rally patriotism to the front. The disheartening of Bull Run was never wholly cured till Grant moved on Richmond. Teach men to forget Ohio and Pennsylvania in the blaze of a fiercer contest.

Every other policy is death—slow death. Slavemasters despised the Whig because they saw he *feared* them. They respected the Abolitionist because they saw he defied them. Republicans will find that the same feelings are at work now. As an eloquent Western man says, "We have abolished the slave. *We have not abolished the master.*" This terrible truth Senators are forgetting. The same policy of defiance which saved us heretofore is our only resource now. It will cow rebels alike in Carolina and Ohio; and it will teach, rally and unite the people. No man doubts that the North really means to exact the full results of its victory. Act to-day so as to convince the South that this is truer now than ever before.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

THERE are a dozen negroes in Norfolk who are slowly turning white, to say nothing of the old fellow who took the start several years ago, and is now completely white. It is curious to watch the progress of these physiological phenomena, which are puzzles to the most astute physiologists. It takes many years for the change to pass entirely over the person, and while it is so passing the subject presents the most singular, and in many cases, revolting spectacle imaginable. There is one negro man in that city bearing the unmistakable features of the African whose body is white and whose face is as black as lampblack—not one of the usual shades of bacon rind, but as black as if he had been painted with a coat of lamp-black. There is a woman whose face is piebald, and another who has recently commenced to turn; in this last case the first indication of a change in complexion was given by the appearance of a white spot behind one of her ears. There is another subject, whose face, hands and arms are white and whose body is black; the change in this case has been very slow, he having commenced to turn when a boy. It is a most remarkable fact that in most cases of this kind the subjects bear on their physiognomies all the features of the full-blooded African.—*Exchange.*

A ROW occurred recently at a Radical nominating Convention in Williamsburg, Va., between D. B. White, a Radical stumper and an ex-colonel of negro troops, and a candidate for the Convention, and a negro named Dr. Norton, another candidate. Norton's friends rushed on White, and he was compelled, to escape through a window. He was followed by a crowd of negroes, who cried 'kill him!' He got away, and obtained a warrant for the ring-leaders, and had them bound over to keep the peace.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW ORLEANS, October 24.—Fever interments nineteen.

LOUISVILLE, October 24.—River rising with fully twenty-six inches in canal by the mark.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—The following, relative to the trial of Jefferson Davis, settles the existing dispute as to whether Chief Justice Chase will preside:

WASHINGTON, October 22.

Dear Judge Underwood: On reflection, I think it best that you advise District Attorney Chandler that I will join you in holding court in Richmond on the 13th of November, if any important business is to be transacted. Mr. Chandler, I think, should notify the counsel of Jefferson Davis of this in order that he may appear and take his trial if he sees fit. As his bail was taken for his appearance on the fourth Wednesday in November, he is not bound to appear earlier, but as it is not possible for me to be present, except during the first week of the term, commencing on the fourth Wednesday, because the term of the Supreme Court commences on the following Monday. It may be that Mr. Davis, by his counsel, may prefer the trial to take place at the earlier period, as it is understood that they wish the Chief Justice to be present. Yours, very truly, S. P. CHASE.

To Hon. J. Underwood, District Judge.

A gentleman just from Loudon, Va., says this letter was yesterday handed to Underwood. J. Randolph Tucker, one of Mr. Davis' counsel, took a copy of it, but can give no answer until he consults with his associates. There will be no meeting of the committee to enquire into the assination of Lincoln until Butler's arrival, a fortnight hence.

NEW YORK, October 24.—The *Express* says the failure of two heavy firms engaged in the cotton, tea, and hemp trade, is reported this evening.

WILMINGTON, N. C., October 24.—Opposition to a Convention increasing, but a majority will probably vote for it. Very few negro delegates will be elected.

The whites will have considerably the majority. The Conservatives will undoubtedly control the body.

The Daniel Webster place, at Franklin, N. J., was sold at auction Tuesday for $15,000.

Everett's statue, in Boston, will not be dedicated until next spring, owing to pressing engagements of the orator, Gov. Andrews.

Geo. Peabody has made a donation to Harvard College of $150 000, for the establishment of an institute of achsology and ethnology.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, October 24, Evening.—Consols, closed steady, 94¼; 5-20s, 69 5-16; Illinois Central, 78¾; Erie, 45¾.

FRANKFORT, October 24.—United States bonds, 74¾.

LIVERPOOL, October 24.—Cotton closed with increased firmness at an advance of ⅛d; uplands, 8¾d; Orleans, 9d; sales, 20,000 bales. Breadstuffs, active. Corn, advanced to 48s 6d mixed.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 24.—Sales today of 1300 bales of cotton; low middling, 17½@18c; receipts, 1713; exports, 391. Flour—holders ask 50c advance; sales were made at $10 50 for superfine and $13 50 for choice. Corn is scarce and in request, with an upward tendency; white, $1 50. Oats are in fair demand at 75c. Pork dull; sales were made in small lots at $25. Bacon is retailing at 15½c for shoulders and 19½c for clear sides. Lard is dull at 14½c for prime tierce. Gold, 142¾; New York sight, ¼ premium.

CINCINNATI, October 24.—Flour, dull and unchanged. Wheat, dull and nominal, $2 55@2 60. Corn, firmer; mixed, $1 05; shelled, in ear, 98c. Oats, firmer 70c. Rye, unchanged $1 48. Barley, drooping. Cotton, firmer and higher; middlings, 18c. Tobacco, firm and unchanged. Pork, $21. Bacon shoulders, 13¾@14c; clear rib sides, 17½c; clear sides, 17¾@18c. Lard, dull 13c. Butter, dull 33@38c. Cheese, firm 15c. Hogs, $6 50@7, gross.

LOUISVILLE, October 24.—Tobacco sales, 79 hhds, $4 25@17 75, whole range. Wheat, prime red, $2 60. Corn, shelled, $1 10 with sacks; new ear, 70c in bulk. Oats, $1 in bulk. Mess pork, $22 50; bacon shoulders, 14c; clear sides, 18½c. Lard 13½c. Cotton, 16½c.

ST. LOUIS, October 24.—Tobacco weak but unchanged. Flour, high grades firm; lower qualities dull and weak; X, $8 50; XX, $9 50@11; Choice and Fancy, $12 25@14 50. Wheat dull and heavy, $1 75@2 70. Corn is quiet, $1 10@1 11. Oats firm, 65@67c. Barley firm, $1 28@1 35 for prime and choice. Rye firm, $1 40@1 45. Provisions dull and lower. Pork declined to $22 25. Bacon, shoulders, 13c; clear sides, 18c. Lard flat. Hogs firm, 5@7c. Weather cloudy and cool.

NEW YORK, October 24.—Cotton, firmer; sales to-day, 2500 bales; uplands, 19½@20c. Flour, irregular and unsettled; superfine, $8@9. Whisky, quiet and steady. Wheat, a shade firmer; amber state, $2 70. Corn, excited and better, $1 41@1 45 for mixed Western. Oats, lower 80@81c. Rice, heavy; Carolina, 9@10c. Coffee, more active; Cuba, 11¾@12c. Molasses, dull. Pork, dull and heavy $21 50. Lard, heavy and lower; barrels, 13@13½c. Dry goods continue more active on calicoes and all goods that have been reduced to actual cost; Spragues were reduced to-day one cent per yard; delaines reduced to seventeen cents.

NEW YORK, October 24.—Money market quiet. Exchange quiet, 8¾@8¾. Gold 431. Exports specie to-day, 140,000. Coupons of 1881, 111¾; 10-40's, 100¾@100¾; 7 30's, 106¾. Stocks strong—Adam's Express Company, 55¼@57; Tennessee, 69¾; Erie, 71¾; Illinois Central, 121¾; Hudson, 125@126. Receipts at Sub-Treasury, $1,282,642; payments, 1,003,689.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BROOKS—The friends and acquaintances of I. J. Brooks are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No 351 Front street, this (Friday) evening at 3½ o'clock. Carriages in attendance at residence.

☞ Macon and Augusta, Ga., papers please copy.

DIED.

FREEMAN—Died, on the 23d, of yellow fever, WILLIE S., son of Smith Freeman, in the 12th year of his age.

Nashville papers copy.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

MASONIC NOTICE—There will be a regular stated communication of Kilwinning Lodge, No. 361, at their Hall, No. 304 Front street, this (Friday) evening at 7½ o'clock.

All Master Masons in good standing are fraternally invited.

By order of

J. J. WORSHAM, W. M.

BEN K. PULLEN, Secretary.
Memphis, October 24, 1867. oct25 1t

FOR SALE LOW TO THE TRADE—

100 BBLS. POTATOES,
50 BBLS. APPLES,
300 KEGS NAILS,
25 CASKS BACON,
100 KEGS LARD,
10 PACKAGES LARD,
200 COILS ROPE,
200 PIECES BAGGING, ETC.,
30 BBLS. CINCINNATI MESS PORK.

Our stock of Goods is complete, and until the 1st of November will be sold low, as we shall then move to our new house, No. 8 Howard's Row, the finest double building for our business in the city of Memphis.

WOLCOTT, SMITH & CO.

D. H. EVANS,
IMPORTER
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 11 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED

To solicit orders for a new

Illustrated Bible Dictionary,

(COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME.)

Edited by Dr. WM. SMITH, Classical Examiner of the University of London.

THE Dictionary embodies the results of the most recent study research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical scholars now living. Clergymen of various denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of the kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous editions which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this. Upon the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the agent, making his labor agreeable, useful and lucrative.

Ladies, Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, students and all others who possess energy are wanted to canvass in every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
148 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
oct25 dw4 w1t

DR. C. WILLIAMS'

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
—AND—
WOOD NAPTHA.

Thousands have been saved annually from an untimely grave by using this

Unrivalled Preparation.

IT cures effectually all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. CONSUMPTION in its incipient stages. ASTHMA, BRONCHITAS, COLDS, COUGHS, CATARRHS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, SORE THROAT, and all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, are immediately relieved by its use.

Sold by all Druggists.

Extract from a letter from Dr. S. B. Robinson, long a practicing Physician in Murfreesboro, Tenn., under date of September 14, 1867, from Christiana, Tenn.:

I shall always take great pleasure in recommending your Balsam, because I feel its good effects in my system every day, and am quite sure it has extended my life. Hoping you may succeed in doing good to the human race, and recompense yourself thereby,

I am respectfully your friend,
S. B. ROBINSON, M. D.

From Dr. J. W. Nelson, under date:

MURFREESBORO, Sept. 5, 1867.

Dr. Charles Williams, Memphis:

I have had a great many calls for your Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha, and of course could not furnish it, and my object in writing to you is to request that you send me a few dozen as soon as convenient and forward your bill and I will send you a check for the amount.

Respectfully yours,
JOSEPH W. NELSON.

All orders must be addressed to J. B. WASSON & CO., No. 318 Main street, wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, etc., and sole agents for this Medicine, and who will supply Druggists generally, and other dealers in proprietary medicines through at the South.

Respectfully, C. WILLIAMS, M. D.,
Discoverer and Manufacturer of Dr. Williams' Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha.

☞ Address all orders to

J. B. WASSON & CO.,
No. 318 Main st. sel, Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere. oct3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MENKEN BROTHERS

OPEN THIS DAY

A LINE OF COLORED BLANKETS

Beginning at $3 a Pair.

COLORED BLANKETS, $3 A PAIR.

ALSO, A LINE OF

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS,

Beginning at $1 a Pair.

10-4 White Wool Blankets, at $4 a Pair.

A LINE OF

ALL WOOL WHITE FLANNELS,

Beginning at 25 Cents a Yard.

All Wool White Flannels, at 25 cts. a Yard.

Children's Merino Hose,

At 12½ Cents per Pair.

Merino Hose at 12½ cts. a Pair.

oct25

Stray Notice.

TAKEN UP by J. M. Halliday, in the Second District of Shelby county, October 1st, 1867, dark bay mare Mule, 15 hands high, 7 years old, branded on left hip R on the left shoulder S. Also, light bay mare Mule, 14½ hands high, branded S T on left shoulder and R on the hip. Each valued at $100.

Also, taken up by W. B Battle, in First District, one bay mare Mule, four years old.

The owners are notified to come forward and take them away.

ANDREW STEWART, Ranger.
Raleigh, October 24, 1867. oct24 law3w

RANKIN, STURGIS & CO.,
MEMPHIS FRUIT-PRESERVING HOUSE,
FAMILY SUPPLIES,
Wholesale and Retail,
No. 400 Shelby street,
(UNDER GAYOSO HOUSE,)
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.
oct24 tf

Drug Store for Sale.

AN entire new Stock. No unsaleable goods. A Storehouse can be rented at a fair rate. Among the Stock, about $2,000 Scurry is at the head of navigation of Little Red River, four miles from the county seat. Cairo and Fulton Railroad passes the town—is now being built. Town is growing more rapidly than any place in North Arkansas. Terms Cash. ● Address H. J. D. Searcy, Ark.
o 23 d w 4 w 1t

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. M'CLURE,
No. 16 Jefferson st., : MEMPHIS, TENN.,
—GENERAL AGENT FOR—
TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe, and the Southern portion of South America, during any and all seasons of the year. oct2 daw 1f

H. COWPERTHWAIT, Formerly of E. C. Kirk & Co.
L. H. CHAPMAN, Late with Bicknell & Co.
W. F. BOYLE, of Titus & Co.

COWPERTHWAIT, CHAPMAN & CO.,
Booksellers,
STATIONERS
—AND—
Printers,
279 1-2 Main st.,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENNESSEE.
oct23 1m

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Change of Time.

ON and after SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1867, until further notice, the Passenger Train will

Leave Memphis Daily at 5 p.m.,

One hour earlier than heretofore.

Train Arrives at Memphis Daily at 8:45 a.m.

This change is made temporarily, by request of numerous patrons of the road.

Parties wishing to leave Memphis at night and return in the morning, can purchase commutation tickets for twenty trips, to any point, or tickets good for one month, at reduced rates, by applying at this office.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
oct19 1w General Superintendent.

D. H. FORSTER, late with C. W. Kealhofer & Co.
C. W. KEALHOFER, late with D. H. Forster & Co.
Thos. Fay, late of St. Louis Hambleton.

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton & Commission
MERCHANTS,
269 Main Street, : : MEMPHIS

☞ Capt. Kealhofer will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. oct19

THE FRANKLIN
INSURANCE AND BANKING COMPANY

HAVE resumed business under the following management:

DIRECTORS:

E. T. KEEL, WM. N. BROWN,
W. N. WILKINSON, JAS. MALATESTA,
M. L. MEACHAM, M. D. L. STEWART,
I. B. MERCER.

M. D. L. STEWART, - - - President.
CYRUS JOHNSON, - - - Cashier.

☞ Will receive Deposits, Discount Notes and Bills, and transact all business authorized by the Charter.

Corner of Jefferson and Front sts.,
oct6 tf MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

For Business Cards, Bill Heads, Account Sales, Circulars, Bills of Lading, Dray Tickets, Statements, and

Mercantile Printing Generally,

Call in and Examine Specimens at the

FRANKLIN
JOB PRINTING HOUSE
No. 15 West Court Street.
sep22 S. C. TOOF, Proprietor.

HORACE STONE,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS & SHOES,
NO. 325
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Having removed from my old store, No. 341, to

325 MAIN STREET, UP-STAIRS,

thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of bargains. sel

Administratrix Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all parties who have claims against the estate of R. H. Shone, deceased, will present them duly authenticated on or before the 25th day of November next. Also, all who are indebted to said estate will please come forward for settlement. Address Bartlett Station, Memphis and Ohio Railroad, Shelby county, Tenn

MRS. L. A. M. SHONE,
oct24 law4w Administratrix.

To Bricklayers and Carpenters.

WANTED, immediately, at Helena, Ark., six Bricklayers and two Carpenters, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given. Apply to KERR & LEE, Brickmasons, and to Jos. M. BRENNON, Carpenter, at Helena. Reference—Messrs. Mercer, Ware & Talley, Memphis. oct24 7t

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE

Attention! First benefit of our popular little favorite and charming actress, Miss EMILIE MELVILLE. Two pieces.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 25th, 1867.

Joan of Arc.

Joan of Arc.....MISS EMILIE MELVILLE.

Pocahontas.

Pocahontas.....MISS EMILIE MELVILLE.
Music, Mirth, Instruction.

CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at ¼ to 7: curtain to rise at 7½ precisely.
Prices as usual. Seats may be secured six days in advance.

MEMPHIS ASSOCIATION COURSE

Fall Meeting, 1867.

THE Fall Meeting over this Course will commence on

First Monday in November, and Continue Six Days.

Three following races closed, by the named entries, on the 15th instant:

NURSERY STAKE.

G. W. Dillahunt enters General Duncan's br. f. Antelope, by Ava anche, dam Gazolts, by Imp. Albion.

Johnson & Douglass enter bk. c. Charlotte Thompson, by Imp. Mickey Free, dam Ada Toris, by Imp. Albion.

Johnson & Douglass enter s. c. Richelieu, by Jack Malone, dam the dam of Muggins, by Oscar.

P. Mitchell enters br. c. Eigh, by Shelby, dam by Imp. Emue; second dam the dam of Sacks.

General A. Buford enters br. c. by Lexington; dam thoroughbred but pedigree not known; dress red, gray and white.

W. S. Tremaine enters s. c. Bushwhacker, by Lexington, dam by Alabama; dress red, white and blue.

Turner & Johnson enter br. c. Crystal, by Avalanche, dam Gun, by Childe Harold.

GREEN STAKE.

G. W. Dillahunt enters Gen. G. W. Harding's b. f. Duetta, by Highlander, dam Delta, by Imp. Prism; 3 years old.

Johnson & Douglass enter c. f. by Jack Malone, dam Albino, by Imp. Albion; 3 years old.

Gen. A. Buford enters br. m. by Vandal, dam by Imp. Margrave; 3 years old; dress red, gray and white.

John H. Morgan enters ch. f. Nannie Letcher, by Australian, dam Lavender, by Wagener; 3 years old.

C. B. Thomas enters ch. f. Hira, by Lexington out of Regina, by Imp. Amb

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
se7 1e* J. W. KING.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 1e*

LOST--FOUND.

LOST—

On Saturday night, a Setter DOG, brown all over except on the breast and end of the tail, which is grey. Had on a black leather collar with large iron ring. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of the Dog.
A. B. SULLER,
oct24 1w* 183 Main street.

WANTS.

WANTED:—

A No. 1 Second-Hand Engine and Circular Saw Mill—not less than a thirty horse power engine. For further particulars call on L. V. Dixon, attorney at law, No. 40 Madison street.
oct11 dlawtf

Agents Wanted.

WE want an active energetic Agent in every civil district, at $50 to $250 per month, to canvass for and deliver our very popular Southern Medical Work. For full particulars address, inclosing three cent stamp,

J. B. SUTTON & CO., Publishers,
244 Third Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Give name in full—District, County and State plain and distinct. se22 1m

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the Illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle. And no MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney. It does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and back while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county or a small portion of it to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold worth.

For further information, call on or address
H. C. Dewitt & Co.,
24 Mad son street, corner Main,
ty19 Memphis, Tenn.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar. Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oc22 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—

Store Houses Nos. 356 and 361 Shelby street. Also, a large office in the Walker block. Apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
oct5 tf 270½ Main street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—

I wish to rent 700 acres of rich Big Creek LAND, in the Northern portion of Shelby county, Tenn. It will be rented in large or small lots. Address CHAMBERLAYNE JONES, Sr.,
oct5 1me Care Wormeley, Joy & Co.

FOR RENT—

One-half of a most desirable Office, suitable for a Clerk or two Lawyers. All Furniture and Stationery of same for sale. Address G. C. W., Appeal office. oct5

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct4-tf J. W. PAGE, Jr.

TO RENT—

Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, suitable for literary associations, balls, private parties, cluhs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Webster block; or adjoining. Also, on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m. se21

FOR RENT—

TWO OFFICES, formerly occupied by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, No. 17 Madison street. Inquire at Police office, 45 Madison street.
Memphis, June 10, 1867. jel1 tf

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE."
The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER,
Kit Williams' Row,
oct 1f Corner Second and Madison sts.

FOR RENT—

STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No 1 and 2. my24 tf

FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for Sale the Residence of the late F. W. H. Raines in the Town of Hernando, DeSoto county, Miss. There is on the premises a large and commodious Frame Building, with six rooms, out-houses, Garden, Orchards, etc., and situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad depot. For further information address the undersigned at Hernando, Miss. W. A. RAINES.
oct9 1m*

FOR SALE—

Twelve No. 1 Billiard Tables for sale. For particulars, inquire at D. H. EVANS',
oct 1m 12 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—

A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or
se23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Piano for Sale.

A FINE KNABE PIANO, 7-octave, nearly new, cost over $500 for sale at a bargain. Part cash and part time. Apply to N. E. Appleton's piano office. au8 tf

ENGINE AND BOILER For Sale.

ENGINE set on Iron Bed Plate, has three feet stroke, thirteen-inch cylinder, reversing motion. Boiler is thirty feet long, forty-two inches in diameter, two flues, mud receiver attached, brichen stack and guise, two front and gear bars. All complete, nearly new and in good running order.
Inquire of M. PYNE, foot of Jefferson street, or to TURBINE & GUNN, Adams st. se21 1m

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.
Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
mh8-tf 293 Main street, Memphis.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of KENNEDAY & SNEED was dissolved on the 23d instant by mutual consent. T. F. SNEED having purchased the entire assets and assumed all the liabilities, he only is authorized to collect and settle the old business.
W. H. KENNEDAY,
T. F. SNEED.
September 23.

THOS. F. SNEED,

Successor to Kenneday & Sneed,

WILL continue the Grocery, Cotton and Commission Business at the old stand No. 238 Main street, where he will be pleased to see all his old friends and customers.
se29 1m T. F. SNEED.

TITUS & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 10 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.
se20 3m

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange,

Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.

E. M. AVERY, Cashier.
JOHN C. LAYDEN, President.
oct2 3m

GRAND OPENING--BILLIARDS

The Donegana Billiard Hall,

Corner Second and Madison Sts.,

(Late Stillman Hall.)

THE undersigned begs to inform the friends and the public generally, that he has sold his leasehold interest in the late ElDorado Billiard Hall. He has refitted and almost newly furnished the above establishment as a First Class Billiard Hall, and is now prepared to accommodate his patrons in a style second to no establishment in the Southwest.
oct9 1m M. M. McKEOUGH, Proprietor.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Poplar Street, East of Orleans,

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal.

PUPILS wishing to enter pupils will please call after 3 p.m., or at any time Saturday.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

FRIDAY, : : : : : : OCTOBER 25, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	5 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:30 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. oct9

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3½ p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 3 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

FIVE CENTS.

We request that our patrons will not pay the newsboys more than five cents a copy for the APPEAL. It is sold over the counter at that price, and we allow the newsboys a sufficient margin to make a handsome profit by selling the papers at five cents per copy.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL. Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
ED. MANSFORD,
Supt. of Circulation.

OUT AGAIN.—It gives us much pleasure to say that our friend, Dr. O. B. Knode, has quite recovered from his late attack, and is up and about again, attending to his professional duties as usual.

THE MAIN STREET PAVEMENT.—The contractors who have the paving of Main street in charge, commenced the laying of blocks yesterday. They are pushing forward the work vigorously, and the promise is that we shall have no sea of mud on the great throughfare this winter.

SHOOTING ON BEAL STREET.—A negro man, named Joe Moore, was arrested on Beal street by officer Brandy, about 7 o'clock last night, charged with shooting a colored girl. The accused was lodged in the second district station house, and will have a hearing before Justice Black to-day. He alleges that the shooting was accidental.

DECAMPED.—One of the numerous Russell family, surnamed Dan, has been for some time sojourning at the house of Madam Buonbaum, No. 152 Washington street. Yesterday morning he decamped taking with him a quantity of bed clothes. Information has been given to the police and it is to be hoped that the deserter will speedily be brought to justice.

MULE THIEVES.—Two white men named Larkin and Sam Johnson, were arrested some time since on a charge of stealing mules from Jerry Galvin, near Ellen Jake, (Miss.), but owing to some technicality they were set at liberty; they were, however re-arrested by officer Angelo Marre, and brought before Mr. Justice Miller, who committed them to jail to await an examination.

REFER to advertisement of Finley Churn-Dasher, and then inquire of B. B. Barnes, Esq., Rev. J. W. Knott, W. H. Underwood, D. Cockrell of the Gayoso, Rev. W. Johnson of the *Christian Advocate*, Newton Ford, Esq., John Harbert, Dr. J. Y. Cummings, Henry A. Montgomery, all citizens of Memphis, and you will be pleased with their report.

FOR RE-ELECTION.—By reference to our announcement column this morning, it will be seen that John H. Bowen (the present incumbent) is a candidate for re-election to the responsible office of City Tax Collector, an office which he has filled during the past corporate year with credit to himself and benefit to the city. It is to be hoped that the citizens will so far appreciate this worthy officer as to renew their confidence in him.

SUSPECTED OF THEFT.—One of the colored persuasion, known as Charley Willis, was arrested yesterday by detective Hastings, on the charge of being suspected as stealing. It appears that Charley is an old offender and for some months past has been plying his trade in South Memphis, much to the pecuniary loss of some of his neighbors. The present prospect is that he will be furnished quarters in the State Hotel "before many moons have passed."

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and No. 393 Main street, have received the New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Sunday Times, Boston Pilot, Riverside Magazine, Le Bonton for November, London Art Journal for October, La Crosse Democrat, American Artisan, Merchants' Magazine for October; also a lot of blank books, writing paper, envelopes and sheet music, and dailies from everywhere.

MERIT and generosity deserve reward. To-night Miss Emilie Melville has a benefit. On Wednesday she generously gave a night out of her engagement, and the receipts were very fine, for the benefit of the destitute women and children of Memphis. The people of Memphis owe it to her and much more to themselves to testify their appreciation of her generosity by filling the house on the occasion of her own benefit. To praise and reward benificent acts is as much a duty as it is to do them. Miss Melville is a charming girl, who acts well, sings well and dances well. We must not let a young girl out do us in generosity, or be entitled to say that we know not how to appreciate it.

DRIVEN OFF.—Wm. C. Louder, who resides on Kerr's avenue, is the happy possessor of a cornfield which fronts on the railroad. For some time past he has been missing the provender. Yesterday morning he noticed that some negroes were on the track, apparently watching. Mr. Louder immediately dispatched two of his hands to see what was going on in the field. They found that three negro women were in the field filling their sacks with corn. On the approach of the farm hands the thieves dropped their sacks and made off. The two negro men who were on the track came up and presented their shot guns, deterring the hands from capturing the thieves. This is the boldest piece of business we have heard of for some time.

OLD RELIABLE.—Cotton shippers will find the advertisement of the Little Miami and connecting railroads in our columns. This route, represented by Mr. C. F. Smith as agent at No. 9 Madison street, with Maj. DeVassa as his chief clerk, and giving his personal attention to all shipments, is well called the Old Reliable. It is *safe, speedy and sure*. The Major is one of the best posted freight men in the country, with great experience in the business of forwarding, of unfiring energy and courteous manners, always good natured, and always ready to give information as to routes, rates, etc. Shippers by this line have the *railroad bills of lading* through from Memphis, so that in case of loss they have responsible vouchers for their property, and their claims are at once adjusted. This line and the gentlemen representing it are fully *Reliable*.

Correspondence.

MEMPHIS, THURSDAY NOON, Oct. 24, 1867.

R. W. Ainslie, Esq., President of the Howard Association:

Dear Sir: Inclosed please find my check for seventy-three dollars and twenty cents, which amount is the total proceeds of my saloon, 84 Jefferson street, in the Theater saloon for the day and evening of Wednesday, October 23d. Mr. Thomas Macbeth made up the cash account after the theater closed. Owing to the fact that there was but one act, (and that between the two pieces), the amount is not as large as I could have wished, but I trust it may assist you in this your hour of need. Thanking my friends who have enabled me to send the above, and wishing the Howard Association every success in the noble work to which they are pledged, I remain, very respectfully,
J. WEATHERBEE.

P. S. Allow me, in connection with the above, to also return my thanks to the well known house of B. J. Semmes & Co., who generously sent me a receipted bill for some articles I needed for the occasion, and which I had ordered from them. H. W.

ROOMS OF HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 24, 1867.

H. Weatherbee, Esq.

Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I acknowledge the receipt of yours of this date, inclosing your check for the sum of seventy-three dollars and twenty cents, the receipts of your house, for the benefit of the Association, of which I have the honor to be President, on behalf of the sick and suffering in our midst. Allow me to tender you our most sincere thanks for your generous and timely efforts. I have the honor to be

Very respectfully
Your obedient servant,
R. W. AINSLIE,
President Howard Association.

DEATH OF J. B. MOSELEY.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT BY THE "OLD FOLKS."

Interesting Meeting and Resolutions.

A meeting of the above Association was convened at the Exchange building, October 23, 1867, to make arrangements to attend the funeral of Major J. B. Moseley, who departed this life on the 22d instant. Col. C. D. McLean, President of the Society, occupied the chair, and J. H. McMahon and M. D. L. Stewart were appointed Secretaries.

The President, in feeling terms, announced the objects of the meeting, and admonished the members of the uncertainty of life, and the painful duty they were again called upon to perform.

On motion of E. M. Yerger, Esq., the President appointed a committee, composed of E. M. Yerger, John P. Trezevant, J. H. McMahon, L. R. Richards and M. D. L. Stewart, to draft suitable resolutions with reference to the death and character of our deceased brother, John B. Moseley.

On motion the President appointed W. H. Taylor, J. S. Wilkins, J. W. Taylor, W. L. Maxwell, John Wilkinson and T. B. Folger pall bearers.

The Committee was directed to report to-morrow evening, and the meeting adjourned to attend the funeral this evening at four o'clock.

C. D. McLEAN, President.
M. D. L. STEWART,
J. H. MCMAHON,
Secretaries.

At an adjourned meeting of the "Old Folks," held pursuant to appointment at the Mayor's office, on Thursday afternoon at four o'clock, the Committee made the following report through their Chairman, E. M. Yerger, Esq.:

WHEREAS, In the dispensation of an overruling Providence, our friend and associate, for many years, Maj. John B. Moseley, late Secretary of this Association, has been taken out of this life, leaving a vacancy in our organization and a void in the social relations he adorned; be it

Resolved, That we have heard, with feelings of the greatest regret, of the death of our late friend and associate, John B. Moseley. For more than a quarter of a century a citizen and resident of Memphis, he was endeared to all of us in bonds of true sincere friendship and affection. Often honored with official position, he always fearlessly, yet kindly performed his duty. As a gentleman, no one was more true and high-toned; as a citizen, none more public spirited; as a husband and father, none more kind, more devoted or more true. He leaves behind him no person who can claim a higher title to the just tribute, that "an honest man is the noblest work of God." Therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of John B. Moseley, this community has sustained a heavy and irreparable calamity, and the "Old Folks at Home," have lost an honored, respected and beloved brother.

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the loss which the "Old Folks" and the entire community of Memphis have sustained in the estimable gentleman who so ably and zealously performed the duties of Secretary of this Association, and who so fully and faithfully discharged the duties of citizen, friend, husband and father.

Resolved, That his name be inscribed upon the roll of honor, to be kept in our archives of those who have done well their parts in life, and that these and other proceedings touching his death, be entered upon the minutes.

Resolved, That while we deplore the sudden loss we have sustained by the death of our deceased brother, and the severe bereavement which has fallen upon his wife and children, and surviving friends, we bow with humility to the dispensations of an overruling Providence, and commend the surviving members of his afflicted family to the good offices of our members.

Resolved, That John Pollard Trezevant be unanimously chosen to fill the vacancy in the office of Secretary occasioned by the death of Maj. Moseley.

Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be furnished the family of the deceased, and that they be published by such of the city papers as are friendly to the "Old Folks at Home."

All of which was unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

C. D. MCLEAN, Chairman.
J. H. MCMAHON,
M. D. L. STEWART, } Secretaries.

MORTUARY REPORT.—Three interments from yellow fever for twenty-four hours, ending at 5 o'clock, P. M.

W. E. ROGERS, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.
Memphis, Tenn., October 24, 1867.

As we stated yesterday morning, the yellow fever is decreasing very fast. The report up to five o'clock last night verifying our previous statement. Those physicians who left for the country on account of the disease, may now safely return, while our country friends need have no hesitation in visiting Memphis. Business yesterday was much better than it has been for some days—a better feeling existing between both buyers and sellers. A large quantity of the staple changed hands. From the state of the weather we anticipate that yellow jack is about played out in the Bluff City.

PRESENTED.—Happening to be present at a meeting of the Howard Association yesterday evening, we were pleased to find that the President, R. W. Ainslie, and his worthy Vice, Clarence T. Georgeson, were presented each, by some unknown friend, with an elegant gold medal. The parties who were instrumental in paying this tribute, are requested to call at the rooms, 312 Main street, and receive the thanks of the recipients. The tokens were well and worthily bestowed on two young gentlemen who "from daylight to the dawn of morn again," have been unceasing and untiring in their efforts to relieve the wants of the poor, sick and distressed in our community.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—The New Memphis was not so well filled last night as the merit of the performance deserved. *Little Edgefoot* was produced with Miss Melville as "Amry," a character of which she excels. The fair actress was well supported by Mr. Roche, Mr. Ellerton, Mrs. Gulick and Mrs. Moore. The piece was put upon the stage in an excellent manner, and ran smoothly. To-night, for the benefit of Miss Melville, *Joan of Arc* is the first, with *Pochahontas* as the afterpiece. This bill should certainly fill the house. Let the fair beneficiary have an audience of which she is truly worthy.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY.—For the benefit of the Masonic Orphan's Home, combination class No. 106. The following were the drawn numbers, October 24, 1867:

71—25—26—15—47—59—54—53—36—67—39—19

H. BERKELE, Agent,
No. 21 Adams street.

THE EPIDEMIC.

MEMPHIS, October 19, 1867.

Editors Memphis APPEAL:

Having been prostrated for a week with "the fever," and having been assured yesterday by scores of attentive professional brethren, who have so kindly called on and tenderly cared for me, that I am now convalescent, but who charged me particularly to remain in bed a few days longer, to insure the prompt recovery I take advantage of this period to say a few reluctant words to the profession and public upon the all-absorbing topic, "the prevailing epidemic." The medical profession has by its course undoubtedly incurred the displeasure of some of the business men of the city, by signifying their convictions that yellow fever prevails here as an epidemic, and any one now from the "mackerel" to the sturdy merchant, feels at liberty to throw stones at the magnificent crystal temple in which is enthroned the glorious art and science of medicine. Let us see if we are entirely free from the ridicule with which we have been aspersed by many of the people, and a *part* of the press. "In a multitude of counsel there is wisdom; and under the teachings of this time-honored adage the Board of Health invited the physicians of the city to join them in their daily meetings, at the "Gayoso," that we might have a full, free and untrammelled interchange of opinion. The meetings were largely attended—were altogether pleasant and agreeable; a free and general interchange of views and opinions took place, as to the origin, nature, treatment, etc., of the prevailing epidemic, which evidently resulted in much good. Yet there was such a diversity of opinion upon some points, that many wondered at it, and it does really seem strange that twenty, thirty or forty intelligent physicians, all educated in the same school of rational medicine, should have such diverse opinions as to its name and whether it was epidemic or not. All agreed that a very fatal and widespread disease was sickening and destroying hundreds of our citizens, but the name of it was the nut the professional hammer could not crack. It is true the great majority of the profession had no difficulty in defining positively its name and place, viz: YELLOW-FEVER; but a small minority could not so see it. One medical man of large experience, declared whilst he saw many cases of fever daily, he had not yet seen a single case of yellow fever—that he had signed on one occasion a "death certificate" as yellow fever under the pressure of public opinion; but afterwards retracted and charged it to malarial fever. Another, and one in whose opinions we have much confidence, declared that he saw the same case, and others with the former, and unhesitatingly pronounced them all cases of genuine yellow fever, one or more dying with black vomit and bronzed skin. Another—of the most enlarged experience and extensive practice, and for whose opinions we are bound to entertain the highest respect, was seeing from twenty to forty cases of fever per day, but could only recall about seven or eight genuine cases of yellow fever, all of whom died with the unmistakable signs and phenomena of the disease. Another—of similar experience, observation and reputation, saw many cases every day and expressed the belief that there was at that moment five hundred cases of the disease in the city. Another saw it, and then he didn't see it. Others had suspicious cases which were related, and in a day or two were reported remittent fever, because they didn't die, whilst others related cases that seemed to be remittent fever, but were reported in a day or two as genuine yellow fever cases. Some called it by that vague name congestion; others, pernicious fever; others, malignant bilious fever; by another, "Jungle fever," etc. Now, if we take into consideration the action of the Board of Health, who one day refused to pronounce it epidemic, the next came to a tie vote, and the next day were willing to pronounce it epidemic, unanimously, (save one.) And here let me say that when the Board did so, it was its conscientious conviction, and that opinion was strengthened by a large majority vote of the physicians present, hence they should not be blamed for suppressing what they believed, and do believe, to be true. If they are the "watchmen on the tower," to give warning and advice to the people, why blame them for sounding the alarm? Rest assured the Board of Health are not yet prepared to sacrifice life and health to the interests of trade and commerce. But to return to the point. We ask if consistency is a jewel, have we not thrown the gem entirely away? and have we not laid ourselves open to the ridicule of the public by such exhibitions of contrary opinions? How are we to account for such a diversity of opinions? Only upon the charitable ground of the extraordinary diversity of the human mind? No! but the whole secret rests here, (and we shall see that there is not so much inconsistency after all), and that is in the fact of a want of a proper appreciation of the effects of an intermingling of the types of malarial or autumnal fevers and their supervention of one upon the other. The fact is, the prevailing types of our autumnal fevers are in the aggregate of a highly pernicious character, and when in the midst of all this epidemic influence, a number of pure cases of remittent and intermittent fever. I have seen in the same house, two or three cases of yellow fever, with one solitary case of bilious fever, which readily yield to the ordinary treatment in twelve hours, whilst the others persisted, and only yielded to appropriate yellow fever treatment, and I have been assured, by professional men, that they have observed the same thing. The approach, track and march of these cases, in their malignancy, are very alike and the treatment very similar. Our best and most successful practitioners usually commence the treatment by clinching into the patient as speedily as possible. Under this course the fever usually abates in from twelve to twenty-four hours; provided it is a simple remittent attack, if it does not, look out, yellow jack is lurking behind, and the tactics are immediately changed; positive quiet is enjoined, the patient is kept properly covered up in bed, orange leaf tea administered—the feet bathed in a good mustard bath, and a gentle perspiration kept up; as soon as the fever abates, which will be about from twenty to seventy-two hours, the pulse comes down almost always to sixty, seventy, eighty or ninety beats to the minute; then commence freely with stimulants and beef tea. Take off some of the bedclothing and gradually subside by means of a proper medication, to free a perspiration. You must remember that yellow fever is a blood disease and by excessive sweating the blood loses some of its appropriate and necessary elements; these we must endeavor to replace by proper treatment whilst the strength must be supported by stimulants and good nourishment. [Since I first sketched this article, I observe that my clever medical friend Dr. R. W. Creighton has given his expression to very similar views in a very sensible article on the same subject. I only mention the fact to express my gratification that one of his excellent medical sense and acute observation should enter into print, and thereby offer this gentle yet decisive treatment, nine-tenths of the cases occurring here will recover. I have followed out this line of treatment in my intercourse with the disease, with the most satisfactory results. I should have said, that it is indispensable in the treatment of yellow fever to have the patient faithfully and sedulously nursed, by a nurse, however, who will carry out to the letter the directions of the physician. Heaven deliver us from a nurse who pretends to know more than we do. The physician is alone responsible for the life of the patient, and the nurse that would temper with his prescriptions or directions should not be trusted. I learn that there are some cases now among those recently imported here to nurse yellow fever; for such, whether native or imported, the profession have no use, and such they will not tolerate. In other cases of yellow fever death seems inevitable from the fact that the sufferer has taken into his system an overwhelming dose of the yellow fever poison—the paroxysm of fever speedily runs its course, depression of the vital forces ensues, the blood becomes rapidly deteriorated, loses its vitality or in "typhus," and exudes as a hemorrhage from the stomach, bowels, nose, eyes, mouth and ears; the urinary secretion becomes suspended and the patient dies in coma (delirium) or paralysis, without yielding one iota to treatment; yet no case should be abandoned however unpromising, as the most astonishing recoveries have sometimes taken place by a judicious employment of remedies suited to the exigencies of the case, and the condition of the patient.

It is needless to run away from yellow fever unless you go early in the season, before you become saturated, as it were, with the poison; the poison is in the atmosphere and every one is more or less liable to it, just as they are to chills and fever, and you carry with you in your flight the poison already absorbed into the system, and when you are attacked in the country among "panicky" people you cannot obtain that careful nursing and good treatment that you would at home; thereby you greatly reduce the chances of recovery. As the first heavy frost kills the poison of the disease, country people after that event can come to the city with perfect impunity, whilst those who have received the poison into their systems by a residence amongst it will be more or less liable to an attack for some weeks, or until the poison shall have been eliminated from the system through its natural emunctories, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. We sincerely hope and trust that ere these lines reach the eye of the distant country reader, "Jack Frost" will have shorn the forests of their foliage, and they can then, without a particle of fear, resume their business relations with Memphis, where they will be welcomed by all classes of the people.

Respectfully, yours, etc.,
O. B. KNODE, M. D.

P. S.—Since writing the above I have been informed by the health officer that almost every reputable physician in the city has reported cases of yellow fever at his office, deus proving most conclusively that our views, inferences and deductions as to the causes of the seeming inconsistencies are entirely correct. O. B. K.

New Stove and Tinware House.—My old friends and the public in general, I would respectfully inform, that I have opened at No. 352 Front street, near Union, Stanton & Moore's old stand, one of the best selected stocks of Stoves, Tin and Hardware ever brought to this market. Heating stoves, especially, of every size and of the latest patterns and improvements. Buyers and the trade in general are invited to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
F. W. REINHARDT,
oct24-1w 352 Front street.

5000 *yards* Plaid Dress Goods at thirty-five cents per yard, at M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

Business Suits, Cheapest in the city. Robeson Sneed & Co. oct1 tf

Silk Undershirts and Drawers, very low. Robeson, Sneed & Co. oct1 tf

A full line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hosiery at great bargains, at M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

If you want to buy Dry Goods, it will pay you well to examine the prices of M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, before purchasing elsewhere.

Buy your Clothing from Robeson, Sneed & Co., 305 Main street. oct1 tf

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock to be cleared out. They are the lowest, in order to secure an early sale. Rice, Stix & Co. oct8 1m

A New Place.—One of the neatest oyster saloons, consisting of appartments for ladies and gentlemen, we know of, has been opened on the corner of Main and Union streets, up-stairs, entrance on Union street, by Messrs. D. Aste & Co., where oysters of the best kind are served up in every style. oct15-eod2w

Shaker Flannel Shirts and Drawers. Robeson, Sneed & Co. oct1 tf

Great bargains in Dry Goods at M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. Receiving new goods daily. It will pay you well to call and see.

Trunks, Valises and Bags. Robeson, Sneed & Co. oct1 tf

No Deception.—We mean to close out the retail branch, and have marked all Dry Goods down to lowest figures. Rice, Stix & Co. oct8 1m

All Ladies will be pleased to learn that B. A. Hollenberg, proprietor of the Memphis Steam Dyeing Establishment, No. 212 Beal s'reet, has opened a convenient office at 250 Second street, where all kinds of goods, old, faded and soiled, will be elegantly Dyed and Repaired. Gentlemen's wear cleaned and dyed in superior style. oc2 eod1m

Attend the closing out sale of Rice, Stix & Co. You will find a complete stock of Dry Goods at lower prices than ever. oct8 1m

READ the advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their immense stock of Fashionable Dry Goods will be closed out regardless of cost, to quit the retail trade. oct8 1m

Gentlemen! if you want to buy white Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Socks, Neckties, and a full line of Handkerchiefs at very low prices, call at M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Marriage and Celibacy.—An essay for young men on the errors of solitude, and the dangers and abuses which create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent sent in sealed envelopes free of charge. Address
DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,
Howard Association, Philadelphia.
oct24 d&w3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PASSENGERS,

TAKE NOTICE!

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE

—BY THE—

"OLD RELIABLE" ROUTE.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD,

—TO THE—

North and East,

—CARRYING THE—

Great Through Mail.

ONLY ALL RAIL ROUTE

—FROM—

Memphis to New York

Without Ferry or Omnibus changes or delay, and is one hundred and eighty-nine miles shorter to Washington, and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route,

From Memphis and all intervening points, to

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond.

Fare to New York, - - - -	$38 25
do Washington - - - -	34 25
do Baltimore - - - -	35 25
do Philadelphia - - - -	36 25
do Boston - - - -	40 65

TRAINS leave Memphis and Charleston Depot as follows: 6.40 a.m. This train arrives at Nashville.

Eight Hours in Advance

Of any train leaving Memphis on same day. 6.40 p.m.—This train arrives at Nashville.

Two Hours in Advance

Of Night Express by any other route. Smooth track, better equipments, and quicker time than by any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

On all Night Trains.

Baggage checked through. Checks given at Hotels or private residences when ordered at the office of the Company.

Fare as Low as by Any Other Route.

Tickets to all parts can be procured at the general office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 278 Main street, corner Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

A. A. BARNES, Gen. Ticket Ag't.
G. W. UPRIGHT, Passenger Agent.
SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent. oc22

MARTIN WALT & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND—

Cotton Factors,

(Agents for the Regular Arkansas River Packets),

No. 272 Front Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

500 Bbls Mess Pork,
75 Casks Bacon Sides,
25 Casks Shoulders,
325 Sacks Choice Coffee,
250 Bbls Sugar, assorted,
800 Bbls Flour, all grades,
200 Bbls Meal,
50 Bbls Whisky,
100 Bbls N. O. Molasses;
150 Half Bbls N. O. Molasses,
500 Kits Mackerel,
50 Bbls No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel
250 Pieces Kentucky Bagging,
20 Bales India Bagging,
100 Coils Rope,
200 Half Coils Rope,
300 Kegs Lard,
50 Tierces Lard,
100 Bxs Tobacco, assrt'd brands
50 Bbls No. 1 Cider Vinegar,
50 Bbls Breakfast Bacon,
50 Tierces Sugar-cured Hams,

And an extra large assortment of Groceries which will be sold low for cash, or on usual time to prompt paying customers.

Advances will be made on shipments of Cotton, for sale here, or to our friends in New Orleans.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
se28 272 Front Street.

SHANE, BELL & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 254 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Liberal advances made on Produce in Store. Strict attention paid to Filling Orders.

Gen. T. H. Bell, R. F. Herron, J. A. Shane, Dr. A. Harris.

Harris, Miller & Co.,

No. 102 W. Second Street,

oct10 3m CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MAGNIFICENT

FARM FOR SALE.

I AM offering VERY CHEAP, my Farm, one and a half miles Southeast of Bartlett, containing 200 acres, one half cleared, balance well timbered; elegant two-story Dwelling; also, a splendid Gin-e, all necessary outhouses, such as Cabins, Cribs, Stables, etc., etc., all new, with an excellent young Orchard of choice Fruit trees. The farm is in a high state of cultivation, and is emphatically one of the most desirable places in the county, well adapted for stock or Cotton. Call on R. A. GUTHRIE, residing on the premises. oc20 1w*

STEAMBOATS.

LARRY HARMSTAD & CO.,

Steamboat Agents and Proprietors

Memphis City Wharf-Boat.

OFFICE—287 Main Street, corner of Madison.
se17

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

For St. Francis and Jeffersonville.
NATOMA.....Cummings master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 25th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
oct25 1t 264 Front street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company.
For St. Louis and St. Louis.
NED TRACEY.....Crane master
This elegant passenger ste

RAILROADS.

Quick Time
BY THE
NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE,
Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:
Evening Express leaves Memphis at **4:30 p.m.**, and arrives at Nashville at **6:40 a.m.** next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

in advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.
Night Express leaves Memphis at **11:00 p.m.**, and arrives at Nashville at **1:00 p.m.** next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 279 Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.
M. GRIDLEY, SAM. B JONES,
Ticket Agent, Gen'l Sup't.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 262 Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.
JOHN H. JONES,
October 1, 1867. Sup't M. C. T. Co. oct 1f

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANCE OF SCHEDULE.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., September 23, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at **4:30** p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express train on Jeffersonville Railroad for all Eastern cities and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and in the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at **11** p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.
☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot.
SAM E. JONES,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. General Superintendent. oct 1f

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS
At the Old Stand,
NO. 320 MAIN STREET
au14 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY
G. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE
FLAHERTY & WESCHE,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
FURNITURE.

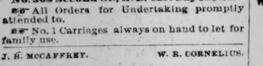
MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

General Undertakers and Dealers in Metalic and Wooden Coffins.
☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.
No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,
—DEALER IN—
METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,
And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,
No. 368 Second St., N.E. cor. Gayoso St.
☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.
☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.
J. S. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS



GENERAL
UNDERTAKERS
—AND—
EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,
No. 317 Second Street,
Near Monroe.
Memphis, - - Tennessee.
METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

CONFECTIONERIES.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY
REOPENED!
Confectionary in Every Variety,
And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES
Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES
Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSE.

EDMONDS, PETTIGREW & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
TOBACCO
Commission Merchants,
No. 37 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAVING perfected our arrangements with the Manufacturers in Virginia and the West, we are prepared to supply the trade at Factors' prices, keeping always on hand a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of the various brands and styles, which we have selected ESPECIALLY FOR THIS TRADE.
Merchants and Jobbers will find it to their interest to examine our stock before buying elsewhere. se22 1m

Arkansas Cotton Plantation for Sale.

ONE of the most desirable Plantations on the Arkansas river is offered for sale at a Great Bargain. It contains about 2000 acres best quality cotton land, 1800 acres cleared and under cultivation; dwelling houses, negro quarters, gin house with four 80-saw gins run by steam power, saw and grist mill attached. The plantation is well stocked with mules, oxen and farming implements. Purchaser will have the privilege of retaining from 50 to 100 good acclimated negroes. Possession given 1st January. For further information apply to RYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, 278 Second street,
Or E. C. KIRK,
oc9 1m 16 Jefferson street, Memphis.

Gullett's Steel Brush Cotton Gins
Price $6 per Saw, invariably cash.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

Arrow Cotton Ties—
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes—
Marvin & Co.'s greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes for business houses and bankers; also, PLATE SAFES for parlors, at manufacturers' prices.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

1860 bxs. French Window Glass.
Imported direct, and for sale by
au9 3m ORGILL BROS. & CO

$2000 REWARD!
OFFICE MEMPHIS BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 4, 1867.
IN order the more effectually suppress incendiarism within the city of Memphis a reward of
Two Thousand Dollars
will be paid by the Memphis Board of Underwriters to any policeman or other persons who shall procure the arrest and legal conviction of any person or persons guilty of firing any premises insured by any of the Insurance Companies comprising this Board.
jn4 1f BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

Notice.

I WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year or for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in Tunica, about 6 miles below Memphis.
A. WRIGHT.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
jan23 tf

A. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.
N. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
mys

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.
NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS,
Foreign Fruits,
AND PRODUCE.
No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

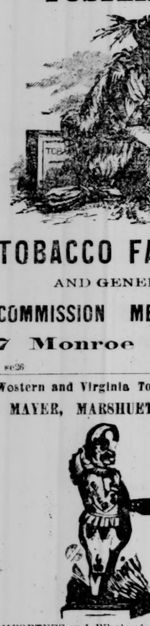
HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED
BAVARIAN BITTERS,
The best Bitters in the market
as a
TONIC AND APPETIZER.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front Row.

F. E. RADCLIFF,
Contractor and General Agent
FOR THE SALE OF
Stone Drain Pipe of all Sizes, Louisville Cement, Alabama Lime, Plaster of Paris, Etc.,
Has removed his office to
No. 39 Madison Street.
Between Main and Second,
WHERE he will attend to all orders promptly. Especial attention by experienced men given to all kinds of sewering.
my5 tf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

C. C. PARTEE, B. FRANK HARBERT,
Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
14 Monroe Street,
Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
oct10 wem4d3m

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street.
se26

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles together with the Fixtures, Lease, etc., of the well-known stand, No 318 Main street, to which we invite the attention of our friends and patrons, and assure them that we were formerly successors; and after returning our he rtfelt thanks to our numerous patrons and friends who have so liberally favored us during our continuation of business, we solicit for our successors a continuation of the same. As to the character and qualifications of our worthy successors in this branch of trade, their reputation is too well and favorably known in this city and throughout the country generally for us to be able in anything we might here state to add thereto. Suffice it to say they are of long and tried experience in this branch of business, and therefore most cordially recommend a continuation of our patrons with this House.
JOHN A. NIPGEN,
The unsettled business of NIPGEN & REAKIRT and JOHN A. NIPGEN, will be settled by either of the old partners at the old stand.
JOHN A. NIPGEN
NIPGEN & REAKIRT.

To the Public.

IN having made the above purchase and resumed business at the old and well known stand, No. 318 Main street, where we have so often and for so many long years of sunshine and adversity met our old friends and patrons, and as a train of unforeseen providential circumstances have shifted us around to our former place of business, it is with feelings of earnest congratulation that we are again prepared to offer to our former patrons and the public generally a large and well selected Stock of Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc., and indeed every thing usually kept in a house as we had and conducted drug store, to which we are now adding, and will continue to add constantly, fresh supplies of the very best Staple and Choice Articles the markets can afford. And as we shall import from foreign first hand, and from first hand dealers, we intend making this House "the Drug Emporium of the South;" we would, therefore, kindly solicit a call from our friends, to both Wholesale and Retail Dealers in the city and country, to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, for we are determined, by our close vigilance of the markets of this and foreign countries, as well as with sound, practical judgment in making our purchases, so as to be able, with the choice quality of our stock and the low prices we will offer them at, to be able to vie with and even defy competition. Cautiously hoping, therefore, that these propositions (for we intend to make good to the letter all we have proposed), will meet with the hearty concurrence of our old friends and patrons and the community generally. We are, very respectfully, yours, etc.,
J. B. WASSON & CO.
Proprietors
The Avalanche, Bulletin, Ledger and Post will please copy one month. oct 1m

NEW GOODS!
RICE & ENGEL,
224 MAIN STREET,
ARE RECEIVING THEIR
FALL STOCK
Of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing and
PLANTATION SUPPLIES.
We also pay special attention to the sale of Cotton, and will fill orders for Plantation Supplies for all who may favor us with their patronage. se28 3m

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
OF MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building, No. 42 Madison street.
CAPITAL, $300,000!!
Board of Directors:
Wm. M. Farrington, W. B Galbreath,
John Johnson, C. B. Church,
J. J. Rawlings, C. W. weyer,
W. B. Greenlaw.
WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.
J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.
This Company Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River Risks. se28 1m

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.
TENNESSEE
SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
BETHELL BUILDING,
Corner Court and Main Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
TRANSACTS a General Banking Business. Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.
DIRECTORS:
JNO. C. LANIER, Presi- W. H. CHERRY, President Gayoso Savings dent Merchants' Institution. tional Bank.
JAS ELDER, President P. C. BETHELL,
DeSoto Bank. J. K. P. PRITCHARD.
se9 3m

BANKING.
MEMPHIS INSURANCE COMPANY.
ORGANIZED **1844.**
OFFICE, 22 1-2 MADISON STREET.
J. J. MURPHY, - - - President.
F. M. CASH, - - - - - Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
J. J. MURPHY, F. M. APPERSON,
T. A. NELSON, J. C. JOHNSON,
of S. G. & T. A. Nelson, Of G. Falls & Co.
J. F. FRANK, F. M. CASH.
J. T. STRATTON, of Stratton, Goyer & Co.
THIS Institution is prepared to receive Deposits, to buy and sell Exchange on all the principal commercial cities, and to collect Drafts on this city an 1 all principal points in this section. Remittances promptly attended to. F. M. CASH Secretary.

Planters' Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, approved December 12, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks which have or may make assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of the Planters' Bank of Tennessee to present them to the undersigned at the Bank in Nashville for payment between now and the first day of January, 1869, or they will be forever barred.
jy27 Qtd.1869 D. WEAVER, Trustee.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS.
No. 12 Madison Street.
F. W. SMITH, : : : President.
D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.
my22 tf

THE DeSOTO BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
NO. 20 MADISON STREET.
JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.
W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, - - - - Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS.
J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.
H. E. GARTH, : : : : : Cashier.
BANK BUILDING,
Corner Madison and Main Streets.
DOES A GENERAL
DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS;
—DEALS IN—
Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.
Collections from all points Solicited.
ap10 tf

THE MERCHANTS'
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL Agent of the United States. Capital paid in, $350,000. Authorized Capital, $1,000,000. Collections made in the city, and at all accessible points in the South, and punctually remitted on the day of payment, at current rates of Eastern Exchange.
W. H. CHERRY, : : President.
A. T. LACEY, : Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, : : : Cashier.
DIRECTORS—Amos Woodruff, W. A. Goodwyn, Capt. C. B. Church, H. A. Partee, R. Hough, M. E. Cochran, A. J. White, H. T. Tomlinson, John L. Taylor, Jas. F. Merriman, Thos. R. Smith, A. T. Lacey, W. H. Cherry. my22 tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
Depository and Financial Agent
—OF THE—
United States.
F. S. DAVIS, - - - - President.
R. C. BRINKLEY, - Vice-President.
C. P. NORRIS, - - - - Cashier.
T. W. JOHNSTON, - - Ass't Cashier.

MEMPHIS
GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 16 ADAMS STREET NO. 16.
General Banking
—AND—
American and European
EXCHANGE BUSINESS.
D. PANTE, - - - - - - President.
FRED. WARNKE, - - - - - Cashier.
my22 tf

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 9 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,
J. LEVY, Pres't. S. BORG, Cashier.
L. LEVY, V. P. M. C. KOHN, Ass't Cash.
[Successors to Levy & Borg,]
—DEALS IN—
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,
Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds,
Government and Miscellaneous Securities
AND all descriptions of Uncurrent Funds. Deposits received subject to check. Collections solicited and promptly cared for. au1 tf

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 293 Main Street.
NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
W. CORONNA, JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS. SPECHT, C. A. DAMMAN,
A. CORDES, JACOB WEILER,
N. HOFFHEIMER, NICH FRECH,
H. H. METTE, E. MEYER,
J. P. HOFFMAN, AND. RENKERT,
J. J. JENNY.
Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.
Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.
au21

ABSTRACT OFFICE.
ROOM NO. 1,
Corner Monroe and Second Sts.
WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE, and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of titles to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.,
ra18 tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO,
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.
IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL CASSIMERES, and with the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,
All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,
Order Samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and return your orders, and the Goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.
JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't,
Charlotte, N. C.
R. W. PRICE, A. B. TREADWELL.
Late of Eastport, Miss. Memphis, Tenn

PRICE & TREADWELL,
Wholesale Grocers,
NO. 15 UNION STREET,
Lee Block, Bet. Main and Front Streets.
MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

SEA-MEWS IN WINTER TIME.
BY JEAN INGELOW.

"I walked beside a dark gray sea,
And said, "O world, how cold thou art!
Then poor, white world, I pity thee,
For joy and warmth from thee depart.

Yon rising wave licks off the snow;
Winds on the crag each other chase,
In little powdery whirls they blow
The misty fragments down its face.

The sea is cold, and dark its rim,
Winter sits cowering on the wold,
And I, beside this watery brim,
Am also lonely, also cold."

I spoke and drew toward a rock,
Where many mews made twittering sweet;
Their wings upreared, the clustering flock
Did pat the sea-grass with their feet.

A rock but half submerged, the sea
Ran up and washed it while they fed;
Their fond and foolish ecstacy
A wondering lip in boy fancy bred.

Joy compassed with every cry,
Joy in their food, in that keen wind;
That heaving sea, that shaded sky,
And in themselves and in their kind.

The phantoms of the deep at play!
What idlers graced the twittering things;
Luxurious paddlings in the spray
And delicate lifting up of wings.

Then all at once a flight, and fast,
The lovely crowd flew out to sea;
If mine own life had been recast,
Earth had not looked mere changed to me.

"Where is the cold? You clouded skies
Have only dropped their curtains low
To shade the old mother where she lies,
Sleeping a little 'neath the snow.

"The cold is not in crag, nor sear,
Not in the snows that lap the lea,
Not in yon wings that beat near,
Delighting on the crested sea;

"No, nor in yon exultant wind
That shakes the oak and bends the pine,
Look mate, look in, and find and find
No sense of cold, fond fool, but thine!"

With that I felt the gloom depart,
And thoughts within me did unfold,
Whose sunshine warmed me to the heart,
I walked in joy, and was not cold.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, October 24, 1867.

Local finances drag their slow length along without any of those sudden revulsions which so often occur in other cities. We have no suspicion of or record of any collapse of any kind—no dishonest bank Presidents, or defaulting tellers to hold up to the world for having defrauded the widow and the fatherless—no cashier or book-keeper who, by a judicious knowledge of figures, can cover up for a time a few little discrepancies into which they were led by dabbling in gold or in stocks. In fact Memphis is a poor spot in which to locate a financial fraud, as the rest of mankind in the out-side world. Our banks are moving along carefully, doing, we believe, all in their power to bring about a healthy state of affairs, and so far as they can are helping friends and customers. It requires large amounts of currency to move our cotton, but we learn that it is being furnished as fast as needed. The Cotton bills offered are all taken by one or other of our institutions when such are considered good or desirable, and the stringency which existed a short time ago is being relieved in a measure by receipts of currency from abroad. The buying rates of Eastern Sight remains at ¾c off, while the selling rate is generally ¼c premium, but in exceptional cases it has been sold at par to ⅛c premium.

Gold opened in New York at 143¾c but declined steadily and at noon was 143c. A small trade was done here in coin of any kind during the day. Brokers early in the day were buying at 42c, but later 41@41½ was the better bid rates.

Silver scarce, selling at 35@36c.

From the tone of the market we infer that city scrip was better to-day although dealers were not bidding higher than on yesterday. A few small lots were taken at 89c. The current rates over the counter are 42 to 45c, but in one instance a broker sold at 46.

There is a very light demand for County Warranties, but at yesterday's quotations.

Police scrip is also in demand in a small way. Dealers buy at 70c and sell at 75@80c.

The St. Louis *Republican* says:

An intelligent merchant estimates for us that the shrinkage in the value of American cotton for the year, between September, 1867, and 1868, will be equal to $70,000,000 or 80,000,000—about one-half of which may be made up by breadstuffs, the corn and wheat sent to Europe. It is high time that, in the public interests, Congress took off 2½c a lb per pound on cotton. Cotton is no longer King with us. The war dethroned him for a season here, if not forever, and divided his reign between the old world, the new world, and the Islands of the sea.

S. H. TOBEY, President. ED. C. KIRK, Cashier.
MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
DEALERS IN
Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.
No 16 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

The cotton market opened to-day with a fair inquiry for middling at 19c, but holders were generally firm for 19½c. The New York market opened with a fair demand at an advance of ⅛ over the closing rates of last evening. The following are the opening quotations from that port: Ordinary 16@16½; good ordinary 18@18½; low middling 18@18½; Middling 19½; at some were asking 19¾; good middling 20@20½; Middling Orleans 20½. At 11 it closed with a fair demand, but lower. Holders who were asking 19½@19¾ in the morning, were in the latter part of the day asking 19¾. The Liverpool market opened active with uplands 8¾d, and Orleans 9¾d, and offered an advance of ⅛d on the former grade, and ¼d on the latter, the quotations being 8¾d for uplands, and 9¼ for Orleans.

After the receipt of morning dispatches our market was more active and buyers were willing to pay the views of holders who were as a general thing very firm. We heard of 20c being refused for a lot of Middling fair. The market was rather unsettled, and lots were sold in many instances asking about ½c more than they could realize. The closing New York dispatch did not create much uneasiness while the Liverpool dispatch, which was received after business hours will no doubt cause a further advance to-morrow. We quote as follows:

Inferior	9 @12
Ordinary	12¾@13½
Good Ordinary	14 @15
Low Middling	15¾@16¾
Middling	16¾@17¾
Strict Middling	17¾@18
Good Middling	18¾@19

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1		1,080
Received to-day	816	
Received previously	16,087	16,903
		17,983
Exported to-day	905	
Exported previously	12,982	13,797
Stock on hand		4,186

There was not much done in a business way to-day, although a few orders are constantly arriving and being filled. Prices are firm in many things, but in meats and produce we can see a weakness which would amount to positive debility were the waters to rise and prevent transportation. The meat market has declined another 50c on Mess Pork since yesterday. It was offered to-day at $25 from store in large lots. Bacon shows a slow demand at 22@23c for clear sides, 19@19½c; shoulders, 15½@15½c; breakfast bacon, 18@19c; plain canvassed hams, 22@24c; sugar-cured, 26@27c. Corn is rather scarce at 90@91 65 for choice yellow and white, in the landing. Oats are firm at 70@72c. Meal dull at 5 75@6c. Bran nominal ly $20@27 per ton. Shorts scarce at $15 per ton. Hay $25@28 for prime timothy at landing. Keg lard, 15½@16c; fierce, 14½@15c. Apples firm and scarce at $4 50@5 50 per bbl. Butter is in good demand and quite firm, at 40@45c for choice, and 35@37c for good. Bagging in demand at 27@28c for 2¼ and 2½c for 2¾c for Kentucky. Rope, 12½c. Iron 2¼@2½c. No beans in mark t. Eggs are firm and scarce at 30c. Flour quiet but firm; common $5 50@6 75; super $7 48, X $8@9, XX $10 50@11, XXX $12@13; fancy brands $14 Chickens scarce, selling at $5@6 for young and $6@6 50 for old. Potatoes are scarce and firm; good re l at $4 75@5 50 per bbl. Onions, $3@3 50. Sweet Potatoes per bbl, or ½ per bushel. Molasses firm at 70@80c for St. Louis rebolled; no New Orleans on the square in market; syrup, $1@1 50. Sugar firm at 19@20c for white crushed and powdered and coffee sugars at 17¾@18@19c; brown 14@15c. Rio Coffee, fair to choice, 24@27½c. Cuff Lime $2 25@2 50; Cape Lime, $2 25@2 50.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

We had no frost yesterday morning, as it was expected we would have, and the day was warm. The rivers are in *statu quo* at all points, with no indications of an early rise. The Obio is in such condition that the ferry-boats have been compelled, at some places, to lay up, and skiffs have been brought into requisition.

Arrivals.

Steamer Julia, New Orleans.
" Bertha, White river.
" Adam Jacobs, St. Louis.

Departures.

Steamer Julia, St. Louis.
" Ozark, White river.
" Goldfinch, Osceola.
" Adam Jacobs, St. Louis.

Boats in Port.

Guidon, Dan. Able, Rose Hambleton, Bertha.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was some stir upon the levee to-day, and the Ozark went out with all she wanted. At the St. Louis wharf-boat 1000 bales of cotton was received for New York, and was taken via St. Louis by the Adam Jacobs. It was shipped by the agents of the Star Union Diamond and Atlantic and Great Western lines.

The Pilgrim, under command of Capt. Berry, will depart for Pine Bluff and Little Rock to morrow evening at 5 o'clock.

The steamer J. D. Perry, Capt. Bateman, is the regular Saturday packet for Vicksburg, in place of the Dan. Able, and will draw in her stage-planks at 5 p.m. to-morrow.

The Myrtle, Capt. Hardwick, will shove out to-morrow at 5 p.m., for the Tallahatchie, Yallobusha and Yazoo rivers.

The steamer Richmond, built a year ago for the Red river trade, but which has made a trip to the mountains, was sold on Monday by the Sheriff at St. Louis. She was bought for $8050, by E. C. Moore, a grocery man, who had a claim against the boat. She cost, when built, $25,000.

The steamer Ben. Johnson, which sunk on the 5th inst., near Brownsville, Neb., has, through the exertions of Capt. Massie and his crew, been successfully raised, and is now on her way to St. Louis.

The Illinois Central railroad has bought the Dubuque and Dunleith ferry boats, the transfer teams and the Dunleith elevator.

The Rowena will be in port to leave for White river on Saturday evening. Capt. Davis is in command, and Kidder, Harry and Sharp are clerks. The Rowena carries the United States mail and connects with the cars at Devall's Bluff.

The Ned Tracey, Capt. Crane, is the regular St. Louis packet, leaving at 5 p.m. to-day. She will connect with the train at Cairo.

The Rubicon, Capt. Blake, will leave for Vicksburg to-morrow at 10 a.m. Alf. Grissom is clerk.

Capt. Tom Newall returned yesterday from Cincinnati, where he has been rusticating for sometime.

The Natoma, Cummings master, will leave to-day at 5 p.m. for St. Francis river. Ed. Smith is clerk.

Kouns & Bro., of New Orleans, have contracted at Madison, Ind., for the hull and machinery of a new boat, a side-wheeler, to be called the Era No. 8. She is intended to run as a daylight packet, between Shreveport and Jefferson, on Red river, and is to be completed in forty days.

There is no longer a quarantine station at Island No. 1, and boats are now permitted to go to Cairo without annoyance.

The Gen. Anderson ran upon an old Confederate anchor near Columbus and knocked a hole in her side, sometime ago, and in consequence had to go on the Ways yesterday, for repairs. The Cumberland takes her place.

Capt. Jim Durff, of the *Avalanche*, has been heard from at Cairo. He telegraphed to this city, we learn, for a nurse, as he was unwell and still entertains some apprehensions of yellow fever.

The Bertha came out of White river, and will proceed to New Orleans to-morrow. She could not reship here on favorable terms. Capt. Yerkes is master of the Bertha. She will no doubt get a good trip for the Crescent City.

Freight for the J. D. Perry will be received at all hours at the Star wharfboat.

A coal flat belonging to Bigley, Mellersh & Co., sunk in thirty feet water at our landing on Wednesday night. It had nearly 5000 barrels of coal on board. The firm will loose by the accident about $6000.

On yesterday evening, the tug Nellie, while proceeding towards the coal yard, and while opposite the foot of Washington street, exploded a steam pipe, which caused no little excitement on board and on shore. There was none of the crew injured, but we learn that the larboard side of the tug was badly wrecked by the explosion. She was towed to the upper landing. The Nellie also belongs to Bigley, Mellersh & Co.

The remains of J. W. Sayers, who died on the Pilgrim on Wednesday, were carried to the cemetery yesterday. They were followed to the grave by a large number of friends, and the flags on our steamers in port were at half mast during the day in respect to the memory of the deceased.

1867. FALL FASHIONS. 1867.
MISSES QUINLAN,
No. 240 Main street.
Corner of Jefferson.
HAVE received a superb assortment of FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS, and also the latest Parisian styles for Cloaks and Dresses
oct 1m

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD.
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
(Successors Moore, Whitfield & Rayner,)
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 1 Howard's Row,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
WE are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments, also, to furnish Bagging, Rope and Ties, to parties who will ship us their Cotton. We are agents for
LEBANON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn.
PREMIUM COTTON GIN, manufactured by W. G. Clemmons, Brown & Co.
SORGHUM CANE MILLS (cast iron), manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio.
The Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER.
E. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LIME. oc6 daw

Just Received.
10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.
2 quarter pipes "Pellvoisin" Brandy.
We have also a large and choice stock of
Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
au25 276 Front Street.

UNITED STATES
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
OF BALTIMORE, August 1st, 1867.
Cash Capital Paid In, - - $250,000
Surplus Assets, - - - - $105,892 58
Board of Directors,
(Elected July, 1867):

R. K. Hawley,	William Dean,
Charles T. Morris,	John J. Abrahams,
John W. Randolph,	Franklin Hopkins,
Wm. H. Calhoun,	Richard Fonder,
Geo. A. Coleman,	D. T. Morton,
Thos. Kennedy,	Jas. G. Ramsay,
Jas. T. Randolph,	Robert Ashcroft,
John S. Gilman,	John Turnbull, Jr.,
Philip Sherwood,	Calvin B. Hayes,
A. H. Schulz,	Alfred Ray.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
oc13 tf 278½ Main street.

Dissolution of Copartnership
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 19, 1867.
THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name of PLUMMER, CURRY & CO. is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of Geo. D. Plummer and A. P. Curry from said firm. R. F. Patterson has purchased the entire interest of Plummer & Cury in all of the property, including notes and accounts, and assumes all of the liabilities of said firm. He is authorized to use the name of the late firm in the settlement of the business. Plummer & Curry may be found at the old stand for the present.
GEO. D. PLUMMER,
A. P. CURRY,
R. F. PATTERSON.

I shall continue the Produce and Commission business at the old stand of Plummer, Curry & Co., 96 Main street, and solicit a continuance of the favors conferred on them.
oc22 R. F. PATTERSON.

Trustee's Sale.
BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me by Fannie T. Hunt and John A. Hunt on the 1st day of August, 1865, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book 79, page 231 and 232, to secure certain indebtedness therein named, I will,
On Saturday, November 23, 1867,
Between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., in front of the Law Court rooms, in the city of Memphis, sell to the highest bidder for cash the following land lying in Shelby county, Tennessee: beginning at a stake in the north east corner of Dr. W. A. Booth's 155 acre tract with elm, maple and red oak pointers; thence south with Dr. Booth's line 18 chains 12½-100 of a chain to a stake; thence west 75-100 chains to a stake in the east line of said White's said tract; thence north 18 12½ 100 chains with the Raleigh road to a stake 30 links east of a black gum; thence west 19 75 100 chains to the beginning—containing 35 acres 81-100 of an acre.
Equity of redemption waived. Title believed to be good, but conveyance only as trustee. C. F. VANCE, Trustee.
oc22 30d

FALL PURCHASES.
Fresh Groceries at 300 Main St.
JUST RECEIVED—
Aerated Crackers,
Soda do
Butter do
Cracknel Biscuit,
Mustards, Sauces, Spices,
Pickles, plain and mixed,
Preserves, Chow Chow, etc., etc.
White Wine and Cider Vinegar.
Fruits, Nuts,
Almonds,
Pecans,
Brazils,
Fine Shipping Apples,
Choice Eating Apples,
Irish Potatoes,
Sweet do,
Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Flour, Corn Meal, Sugars, Syrups, Coffees, Teas, Candies, and a general assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, carefully selected for family use.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
oc22 **300 Main Street.**

Sheriff's Sale.
UNDER and by virtue of an attachment from the Law Court of Memphis, in a case wherein William A. Robinson et al., are plaintiffs, and C. Chesenhall is defendant, and by virtue of section 3305 of the Code of Tennessee, I will, on
Monday, the 4th day of November,
1867, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the foot of Gayoso street, city of Memphis, Tennessee, the following described personal property, to be sold as perishable property, in the hands of an officer, by virtue of said section 3305 of the Code of Tennessee, viz: The Steamboat CHEROKEE, her boats, tackle and machinery, now lying at the foot of Gayoso street, Memphis, Tenn.
F. M. WINTER, Sheriff Shelby Co.
By JAMES H. SWAN, D. S.
oc24 td

BLACK, CAMRON & CO.
HAVE REMOVED TO
No. 8 ADAMS STREET,
OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.
oct8 1w

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!
CLOSING DRY GOODS SALE!
*